

# SEVIRI vs FCI, Products and Applications (Part 1 , 2 and 3 )



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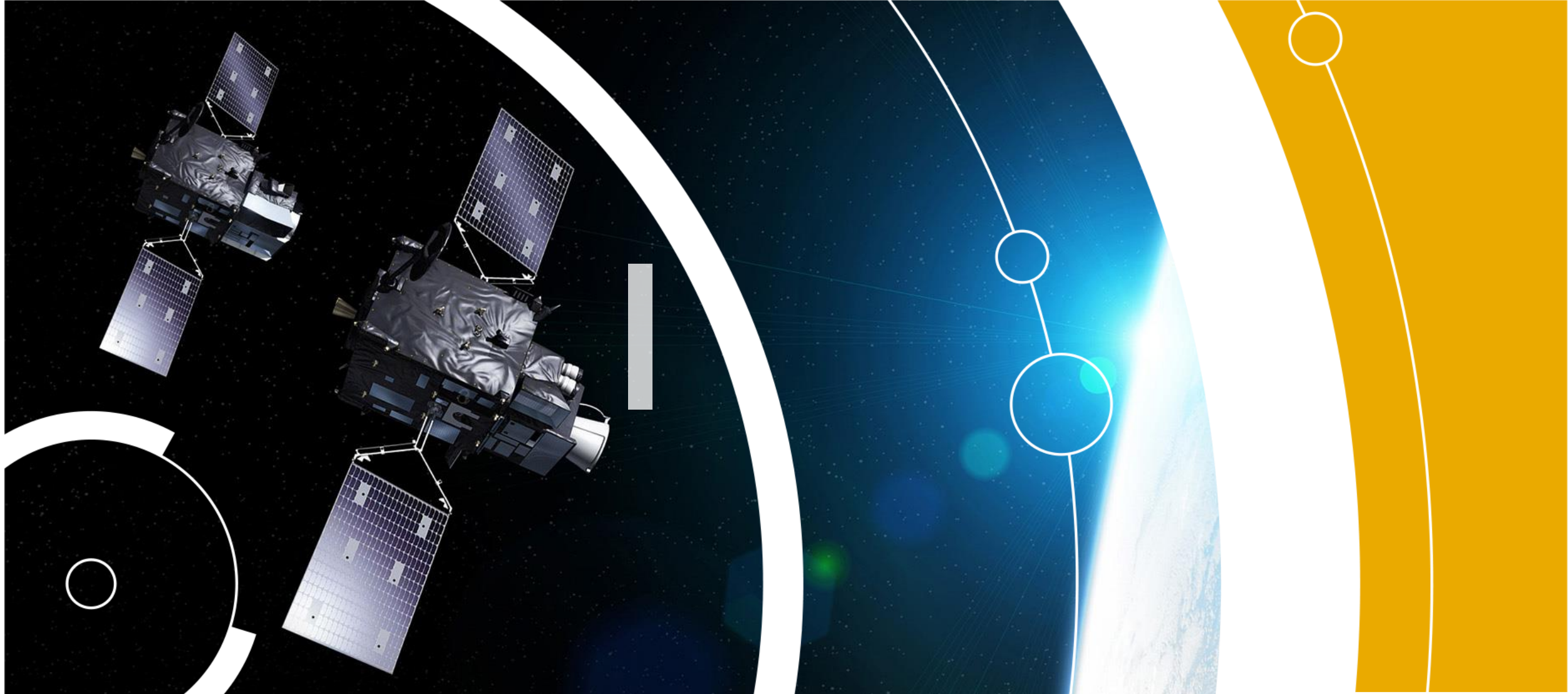
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Center of Excellence – Muscat



## Part 1

- **EUMETSAT Missions Planning**
- **Generations of Meteosat Satellites**
- **MTG : Satellites and Instruments**

# EUMETSAT Mission Planning





# Launch of next-generation satellites 2022-2027

www.eu

2027

Year

2022

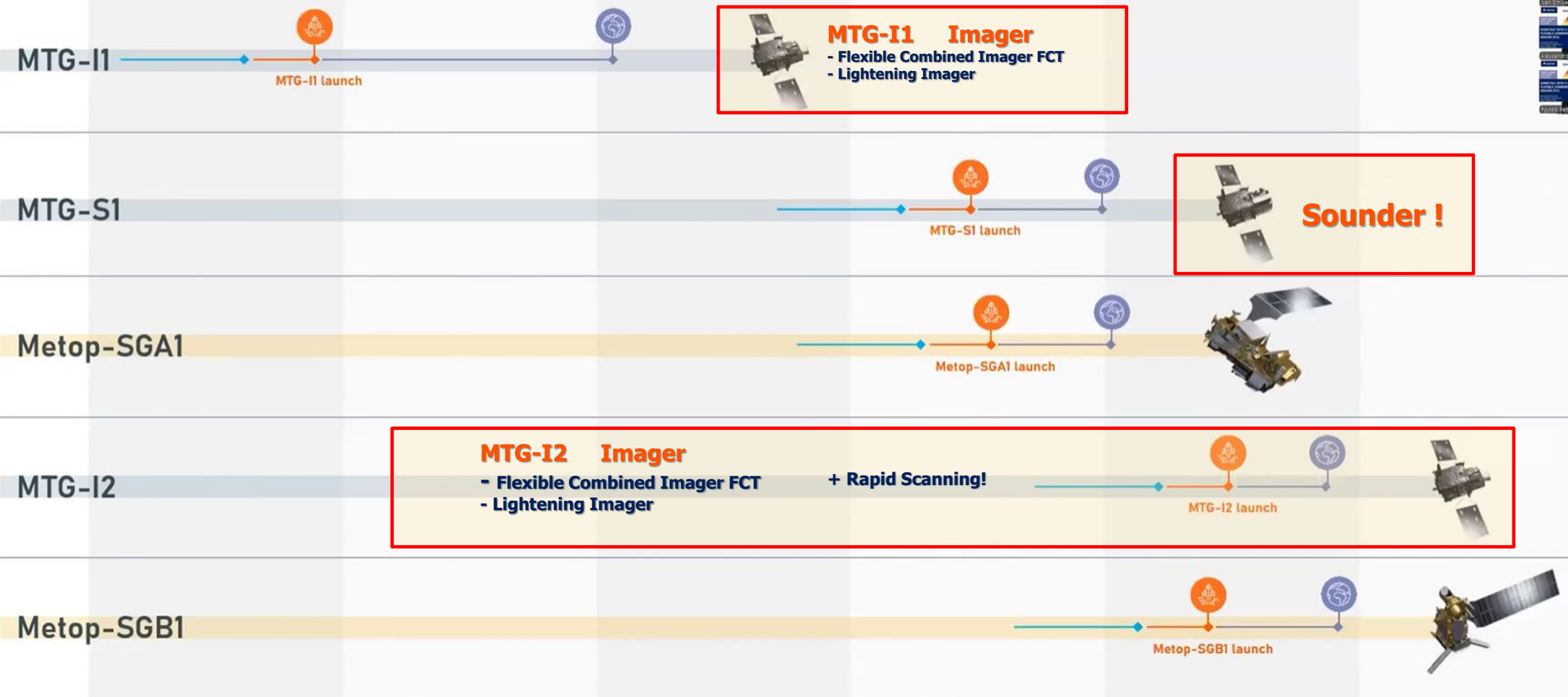
2023

2024

2025

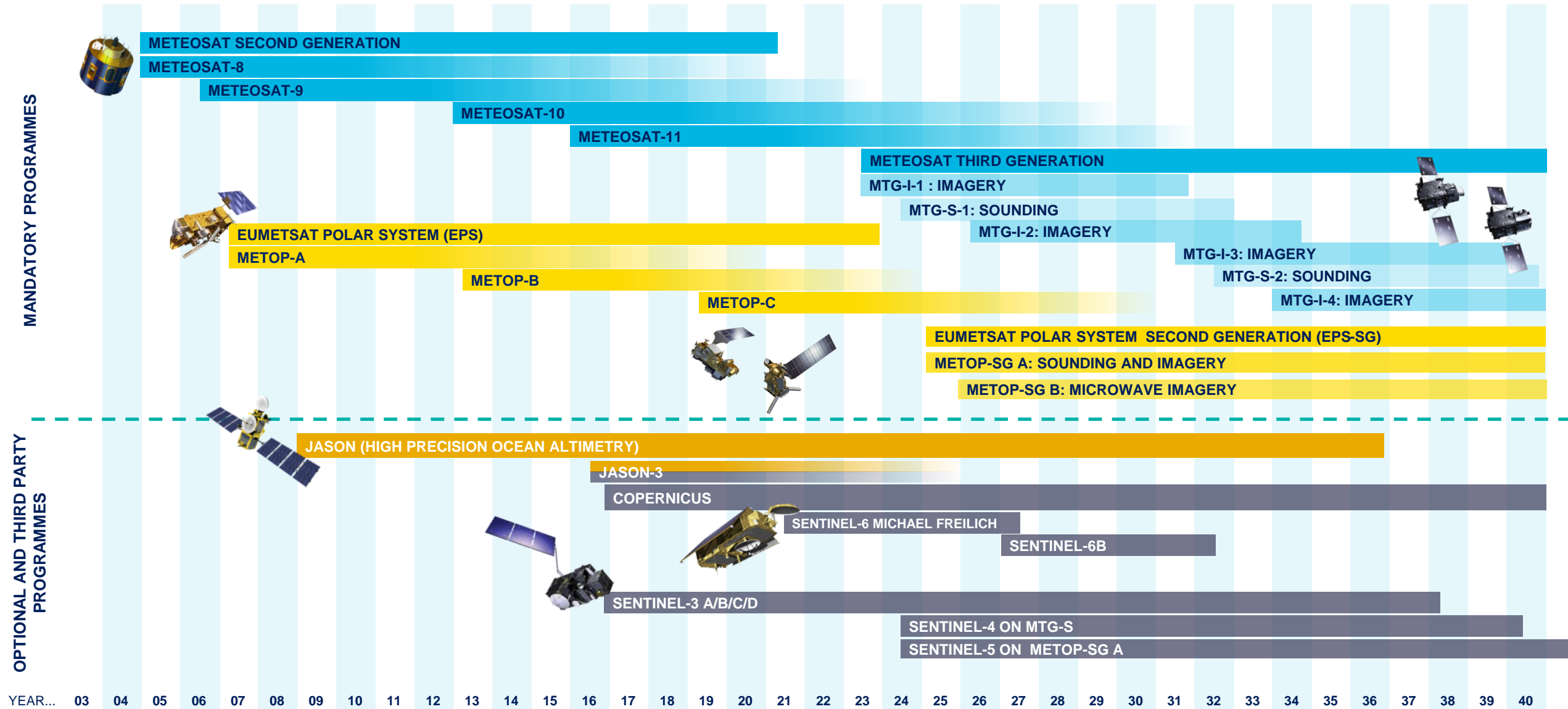
2026

2027





# Mission planning





# Meteosat Generations



3 Channels

## Meteosat First Generation (MFG)

### Meteosat-1

Launched on 23 November 1977, retired 25 November 1979

### Meteosat-2

Launched on 19 June 1981, retired 11 August 1988

### Meteosat-3

Launched on 15 June 1988, retired 31 May 1995

### Meteosat-4

Launched on 6 March 1989, retired 8 November 1995

### Meteosat-5

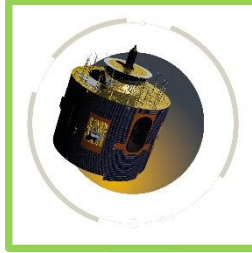
Launched on 2 March 1991, retired 16 April 2007

### Meteosat-6

Launched on 19 November 1993, retired 15 April 2011

### Meteosat-7

Launched on 2 September 1997, retired 31 March 2017



12 Channels

## Meteosat Second Generation (MSG)

### Meteosat-8

Launched on 28 August 2002, retired 1 July 2022

### Meteosat-9

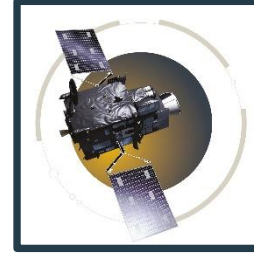
Launched on 22 December 2005 - provides imagery over the Indian Ocean. Operating until 2027.

### Meteosat-10

Launched on 5 July 2012 - prime operational satellite at 0 degrees providing full disc imagery every 15 minutes

### Meteosat-11

Launched on 15 July 2015 - provides imagery every 5 minutes over Europe and North Africa



## Imager

### MTG-I1

(to be renamed Meteosat-12 after commissioning) launched on 13 December 2022

### MTG-I2

(to be renamed Meteosat-14 after commissioning) planned April - September 2026

### MTG-I3

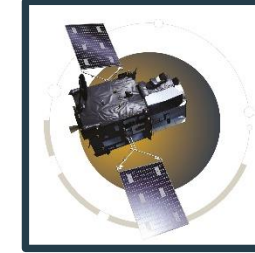
(to be renamed Meteosat-15 after commissioning) planned around 2033

### MTG-I4

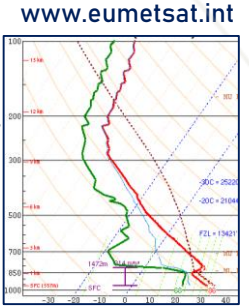
(to be renamed Meteosat-17 after commissioning) planned around 10 years after MTG-I3

FCI  
16 Channels

LI (lightning Imager)



Sounder



### MTG-S1

(to be renamed Meteosat-13 after commissioning), planned October 2024-March 2025

### MTG-S2

(to be renamed Meteosat-16 after commissioning), planned around 10 years after MTG-S1

## Meteosat Third Generation (MTG)



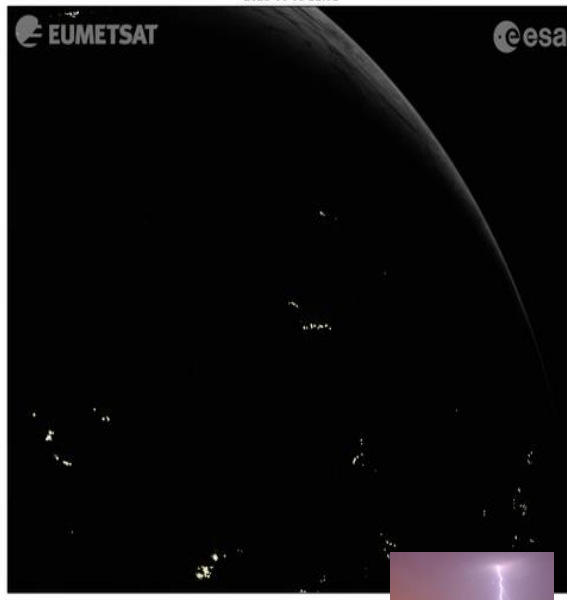
## IMAGERY

18 December 2014  
(Japan snowstorm)

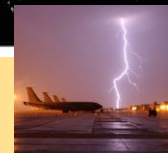


## LIGHTNING

2023-06-03 22:01

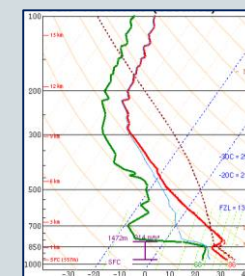
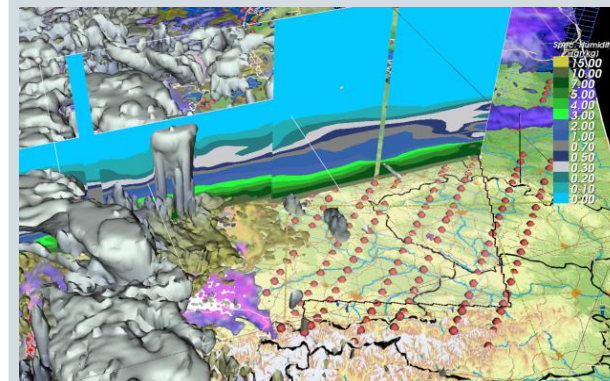


[https://www.esa.int/Applications/Observing\\_the\\_Earth/Meteorological\\_missions/meteosat\\_third\\_generation/European\\_satellite\\_strikes\\_lightning?fbclid=IwAR11MrKIBhmOD7y060FMDaDDC10P4Zu6pvjvEzMI-HFovunAA2L6CtobSLY](https://www.esa.int/Applications/Observing_the_Earth/Meteorological_missions/meteosat_third_generation/European_satellite_strikes_lightning?fbclid=IwAR11MrKIBhmOD7y060FMDaDDC10P4Zu6pvjvEzMI-HFovunAA2L6CtobSLY)



## SOUNDINGS

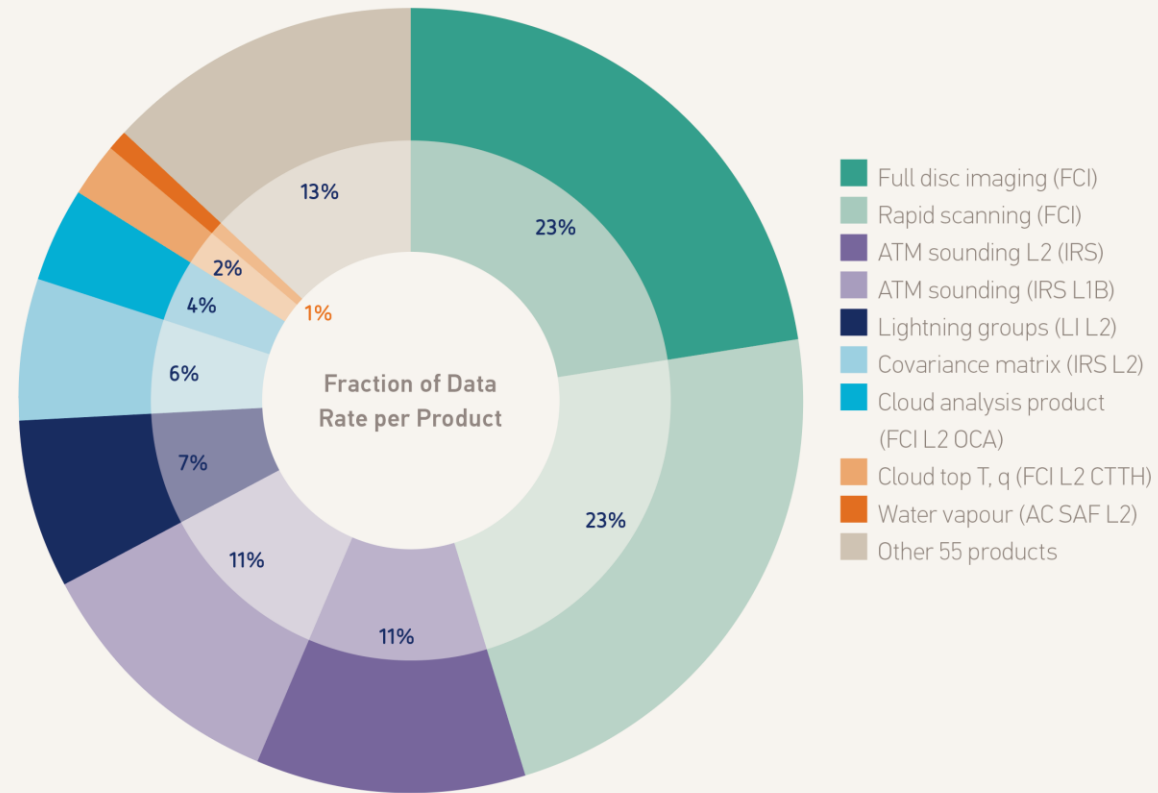
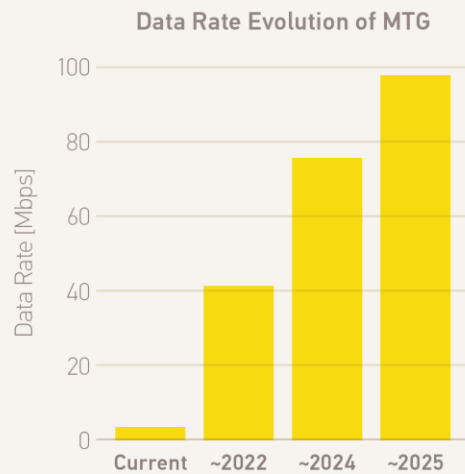
20 June 2013  
(IASI vs Harmonie)





# Mission planning – data volumes

Evolution of MTG data rates and fraction of data rate used per MTG product class



- Full disc imaging (FCI)
- Rapid scanning (FCI)
- ATM sounding L2 (IRS)
- ATM sounding (IRS L1B)
- Lightning groups (LI L2)
- Covariance matrix (IRS L2)
- Cloud analysis product (FCI L2 OCA)
- Cloud top T, q (FCI L2 CTTH)
- Water vapour (AC SAF L2)
- Other 55 products

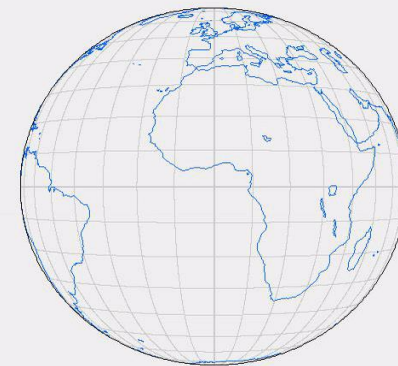


# MTG-I2

# MTG-I1

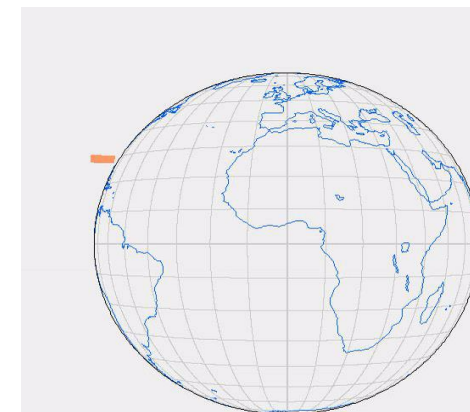


FCI



Full Disc Scanning Services FDSS

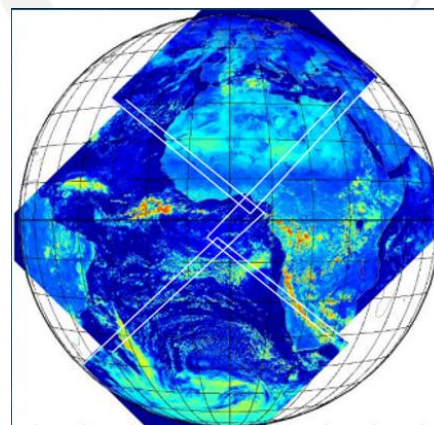
Every 10 min  
16 bands



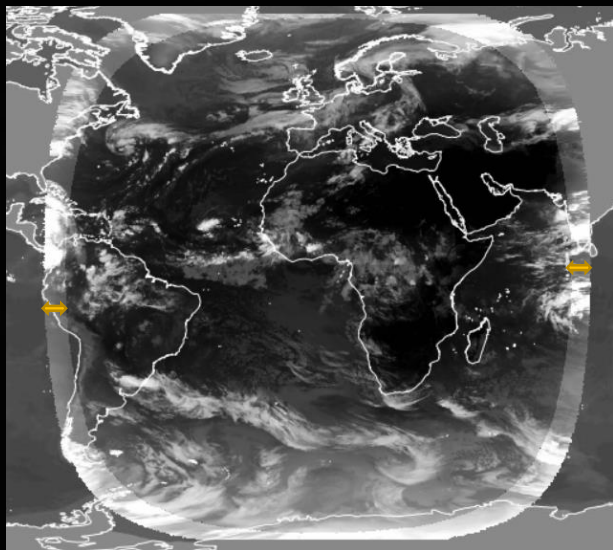
Rapid Scanning Services RSS

Every 2.5 min  
16 bands

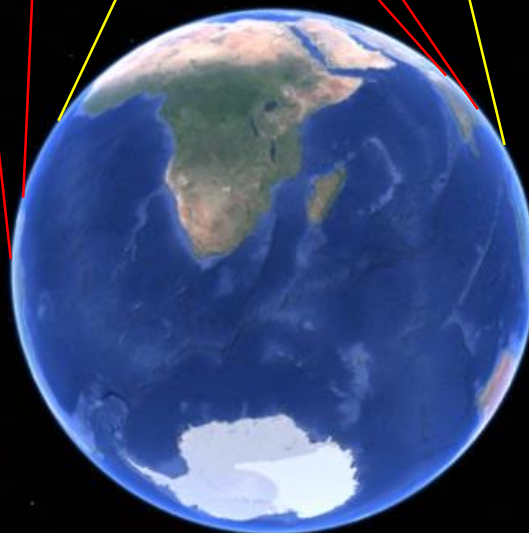
LI



Meteosat 12   Meteosat 10   Meteosat 11   Meteosat 9   IODC



Extra Coverage from Metaset 12



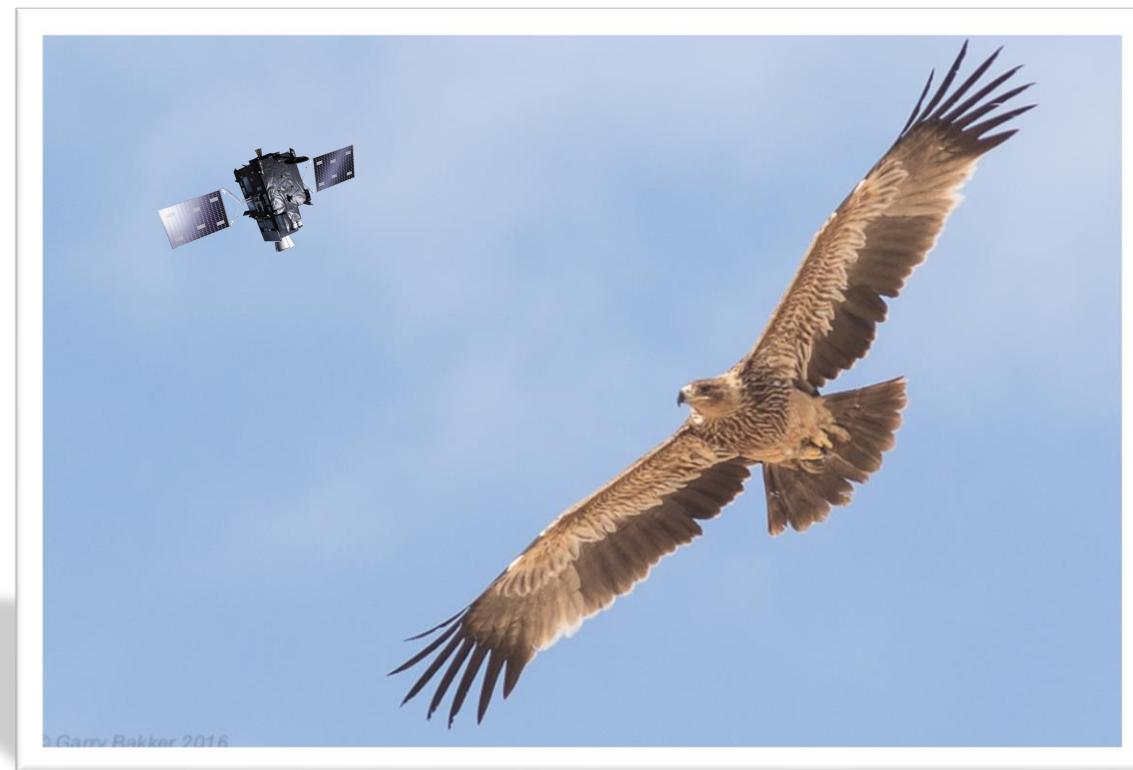
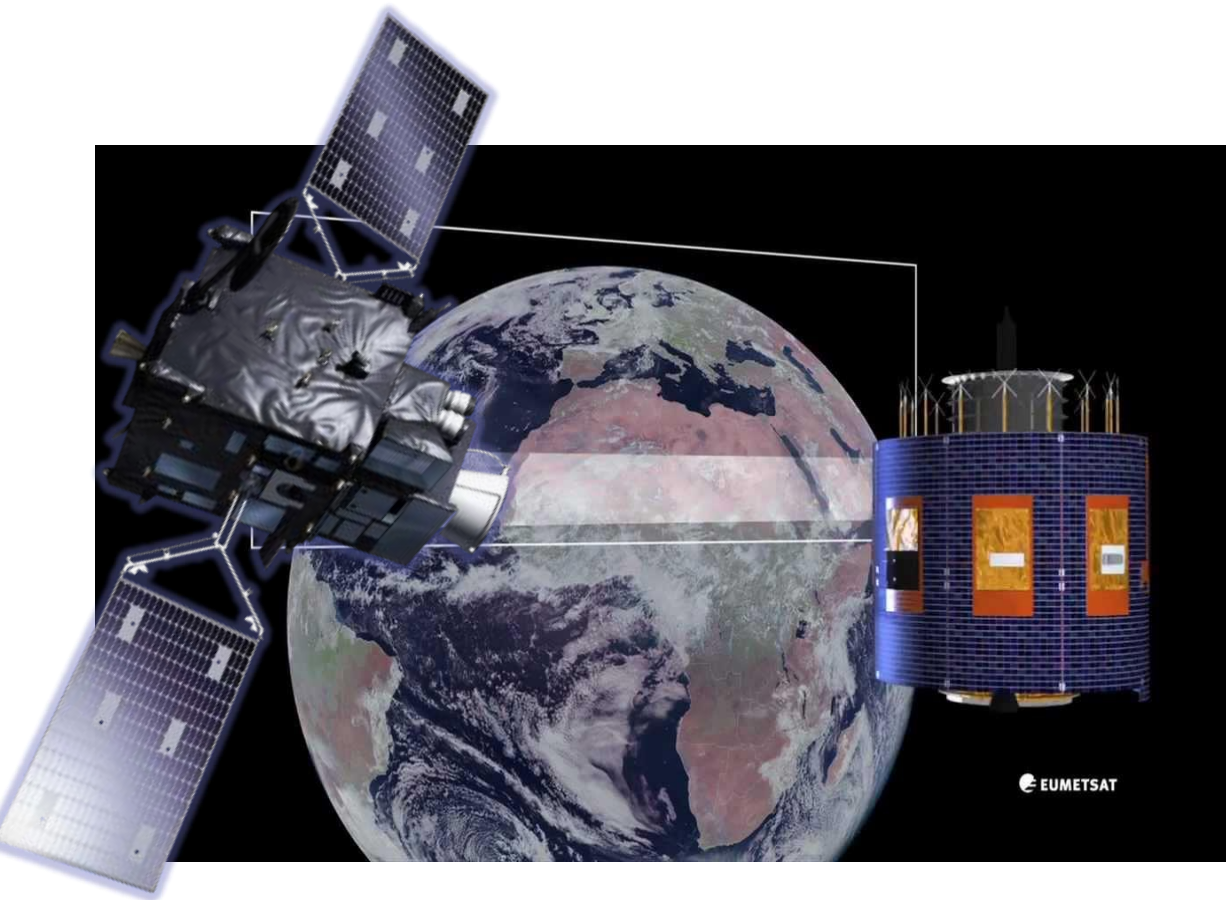
**SEVITRI**  
Spinning Enhanced Visible Infra-Red Imager

**FCI**  
Flexible Combined Imager

**LI**  
Lightening Imager



## What's new?





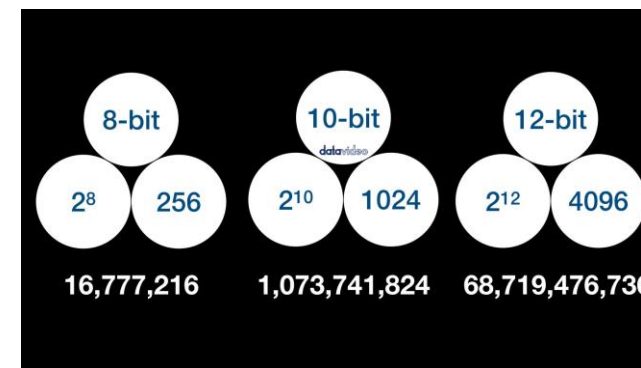
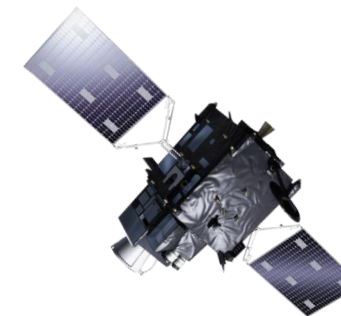
- What's new? – RESOLUTION:

**Spatial**

**Temporal**

**Spectral**

**Radiometric**

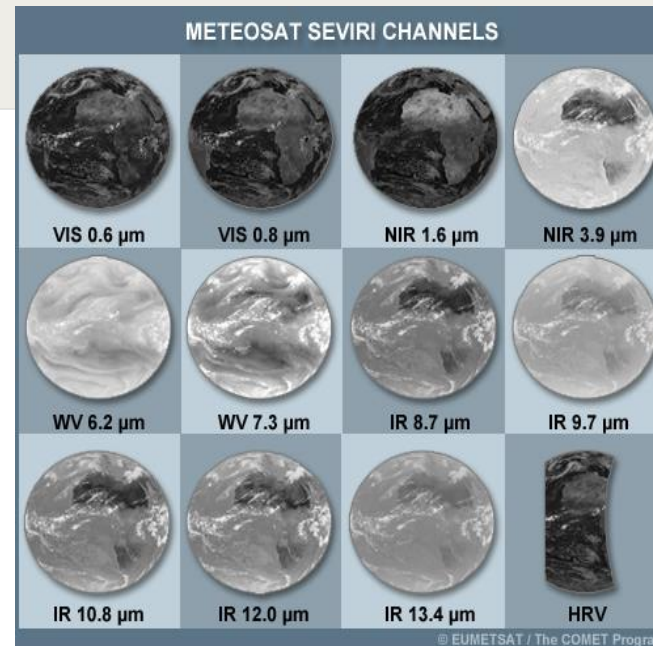




# MTG vs MSG (FCI vs SEVIRI)

Channel	Centre wavelength ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	Range ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	Sampling distance at subsatellite point (km)
VIS0.6	0.635	0.56 – 0.71	3
VIS0.8	0.81	0.74 – 0.88	3
NIR1.6	1.60	1.50 – 1.78	3
IR3.9	3.92	3.48 – 4.36	3
WV6.2	6.25	5.35 – 7.15	3
WV7.3	7.35	6.85 – 7.85	3
IR8.7	8.70	8.30 – 9.10	3
IR9.7	9.66	9.38 – 9.94	3
IR10.8	10.80	9.80 – 11.80	3
IR12.0	12.00	11.00 – 13.00	3
IR13.4	13.40	12.40 – 14.40	3
HRV	(broadband)	0.5 – 0.9	1

Still Very Useful



www.eumetsat.int

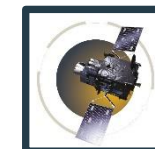
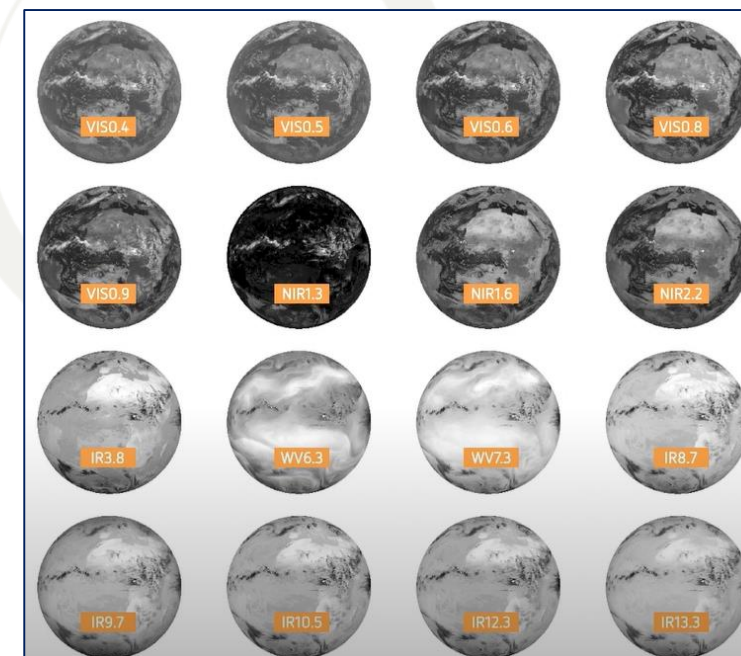


MSG

Spectral Channel	Central Wavelength, $\lambda_0$ ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	Spectral Width, $\Delta\lambda_0$ ( $\mu\text{m}$ )	On-ground spatial sampling distance (km)
VIS 0.4	0.444	0.060	1.0
VIS 0.5	0.510	0.040	1.0
VIS 0.6	0.640	0.050	1.0 / 0.5
VIS 0.8	0.865	0.050	1.0
VIS 0.9	0.914	0.020	1.0
NIR 1.3	1.380	0.030	1.0
NIR 1.6	1.610	0.050	1.0
NIR 2.2	2.250	0.050	1.0 / 0.5
IR1 3.8	3.800	0.400	2.0 / 1.0
IR1 6.3	6.300	1.000	2.0
IR1 7.3	7.350	0.500	2.0
IR2 8.7	8.700	0.400	2.0
IR2 9.7	9.660	0.300	2.0
IR3 10.5	10.500	0.700	2.0 / 1.0
IR3 12.3	12.300	0.500	2.0
IR3 13.3	13.300	0.600	2.0



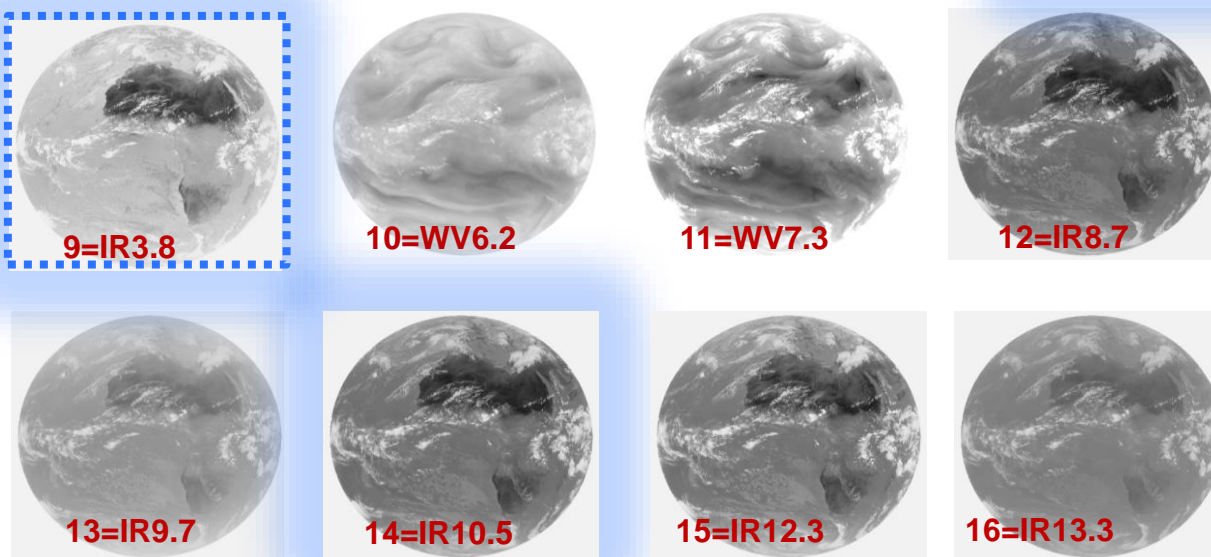
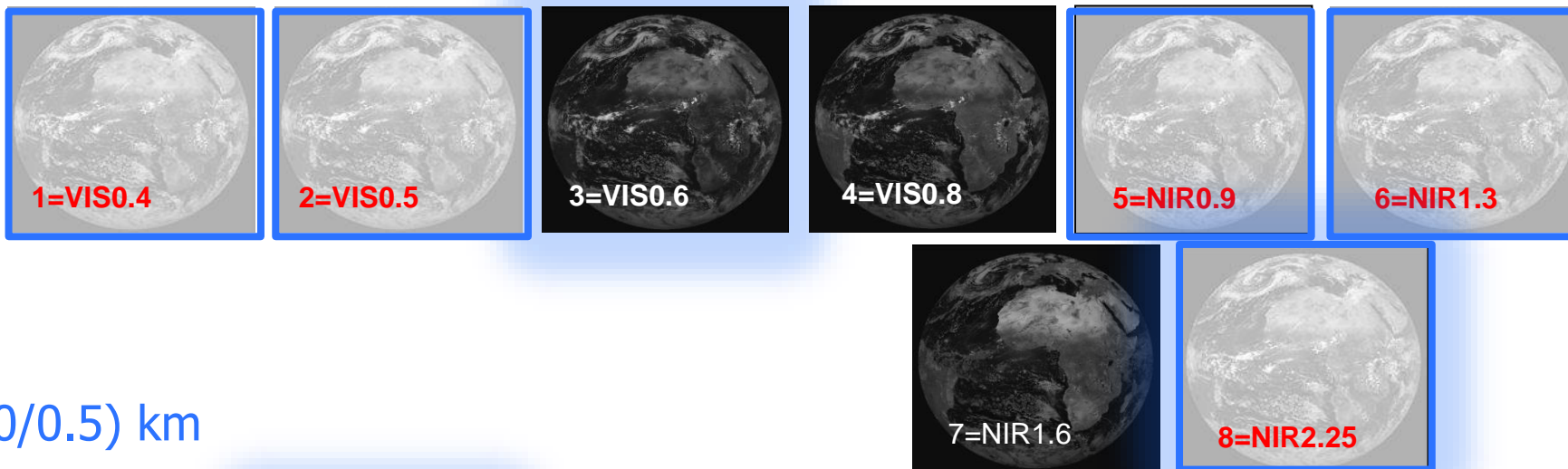
Evolution and more to come !



MTG

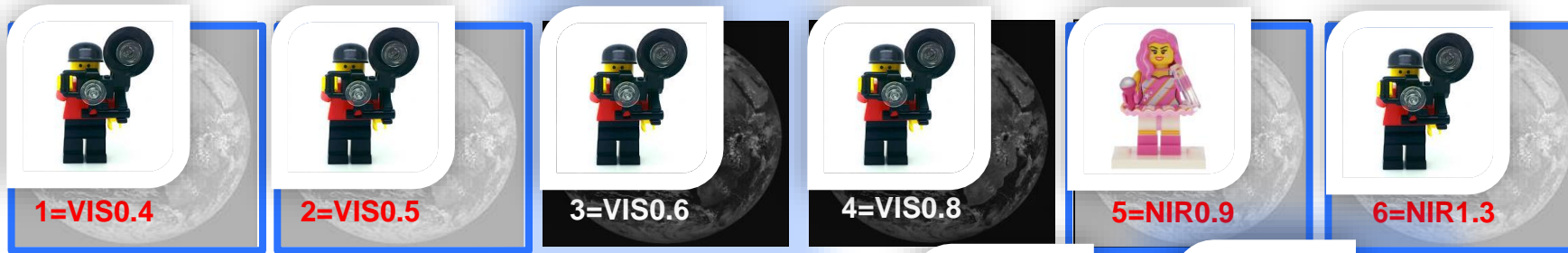


# Spectral utility





# Spectral utility



Solar  
3.0 (1.0/0.5) km

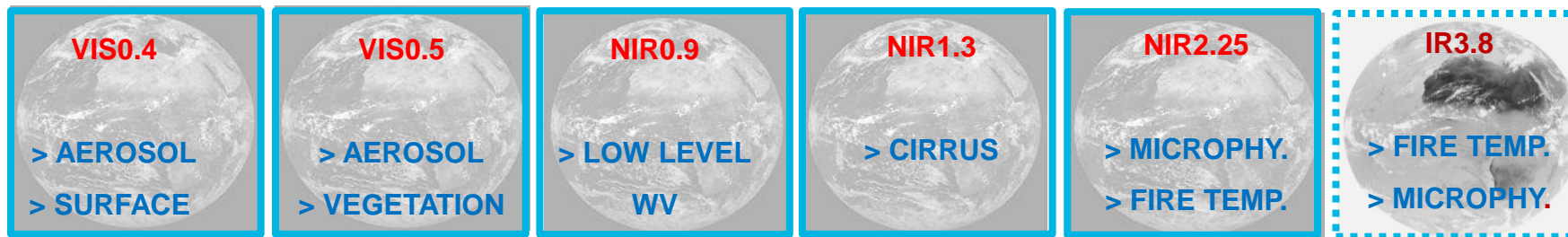


Thermal  
3.0 (2.0/1.0) km





# MTG vs MSG (FCI vs SEVIRI)



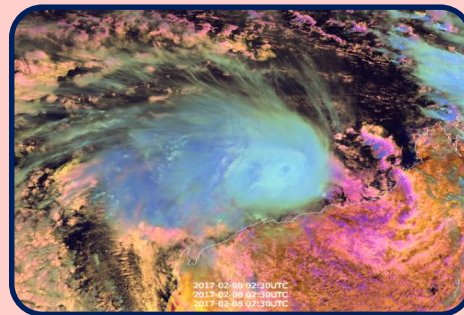
## True Colour RGB

R VIS0.6  
G VIS0.5  
B VIS0.4



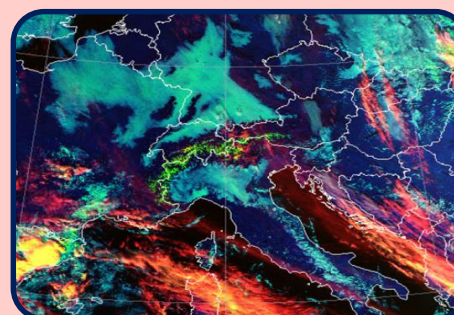
## Cloud Phase RGB

R NIR1.6  
G NIR2.3  
B VIS0.5/VIS0.6



## Cloud Type RGB

R NIR1.3  
G VIS0.8  
B VIS1.6



## Fire Temp. RGB

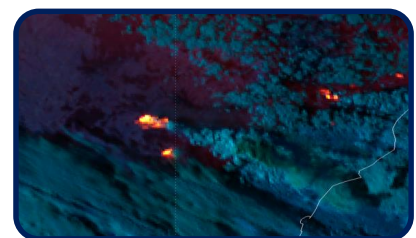
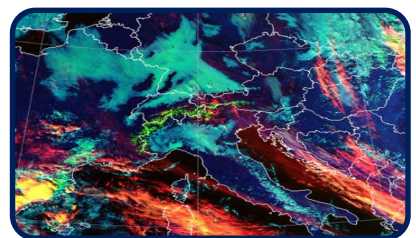
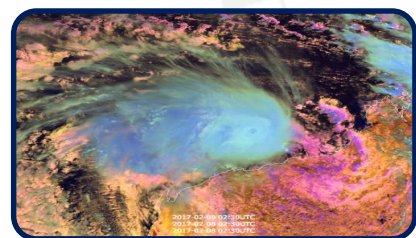
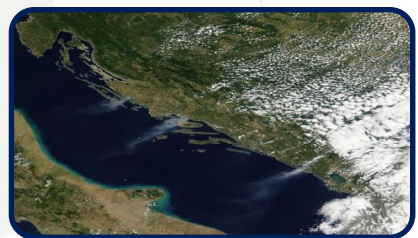
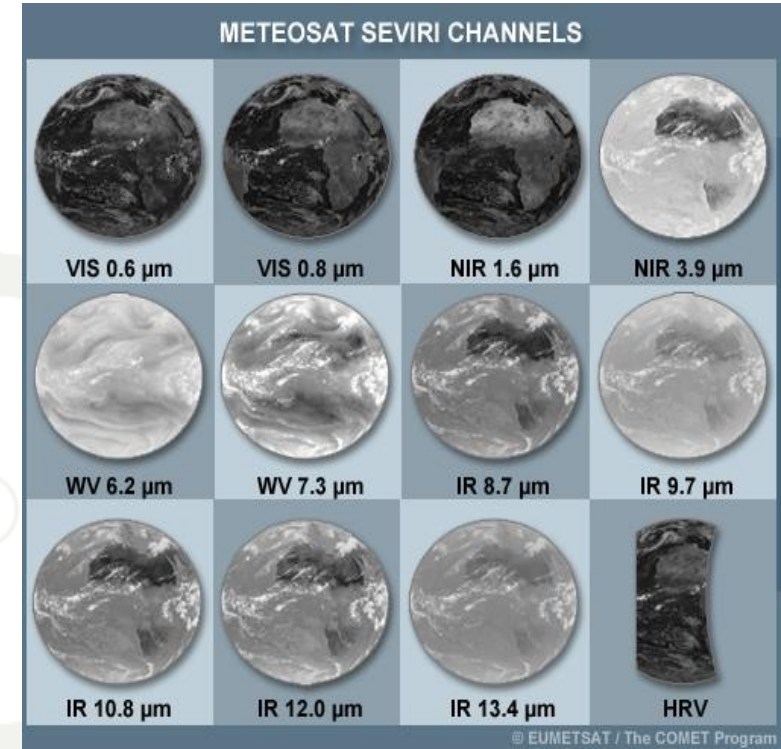
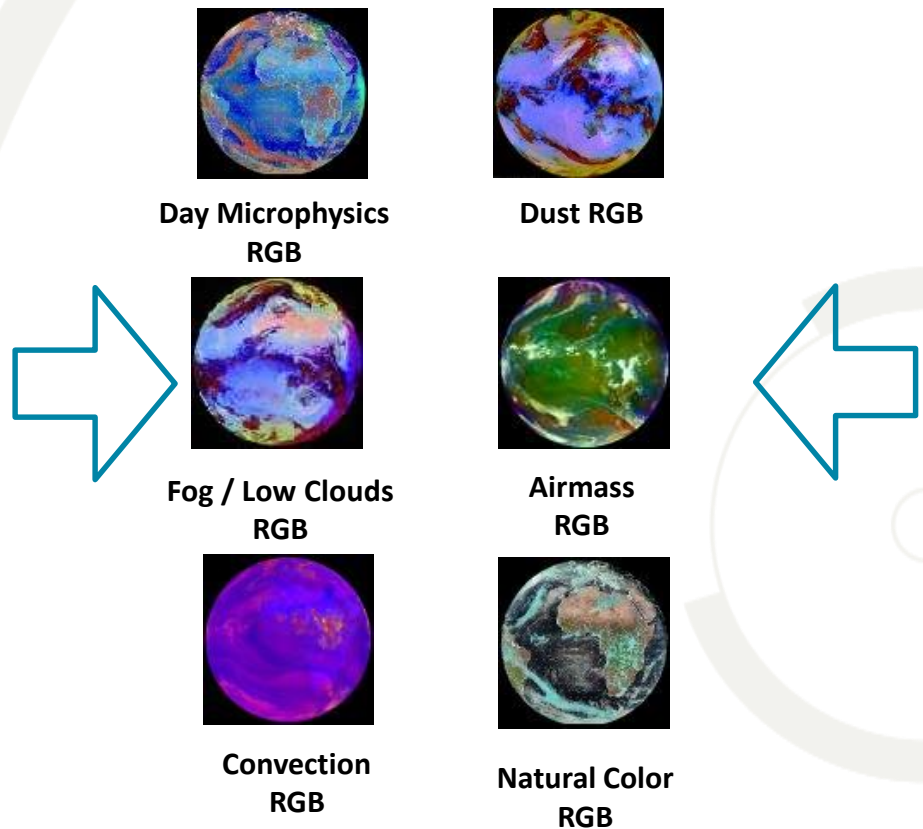
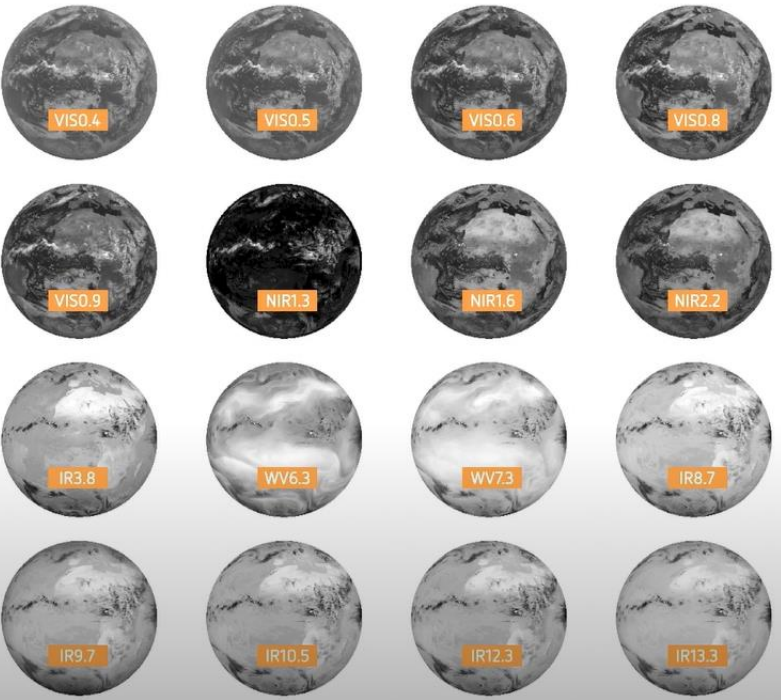
R IR3.9  
G NIR2.3  
B NIR1.6





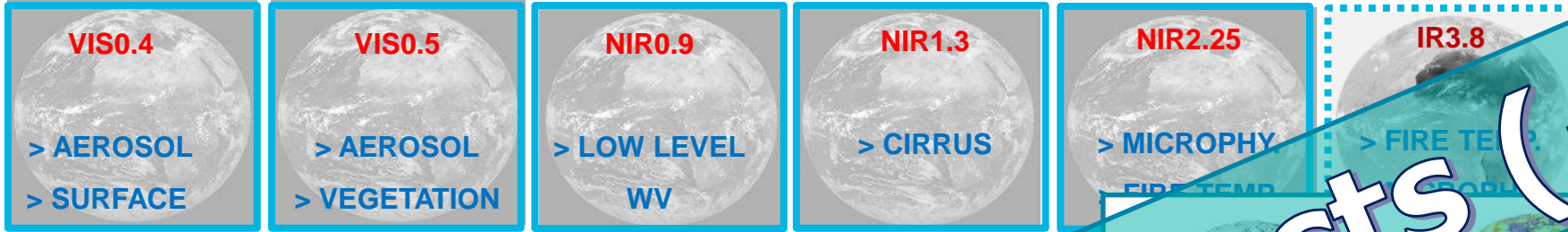


# More Bands more Composite Image (RGB)





# MTG vs MSG (FCI vs SEVIRI)



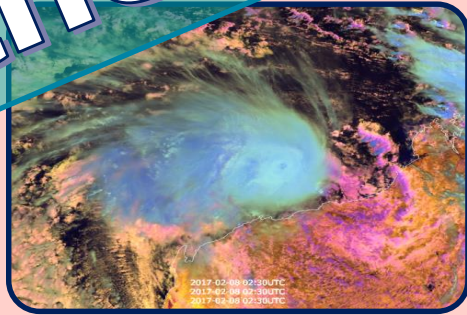
## True Colour RGB

R VIS0.6  
G VIS0.5  
B VIS0.4



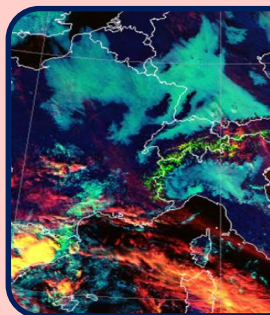
## Cloud Phase RGB

R NIR1.3  
G NIR2.25  
B VIS0.6

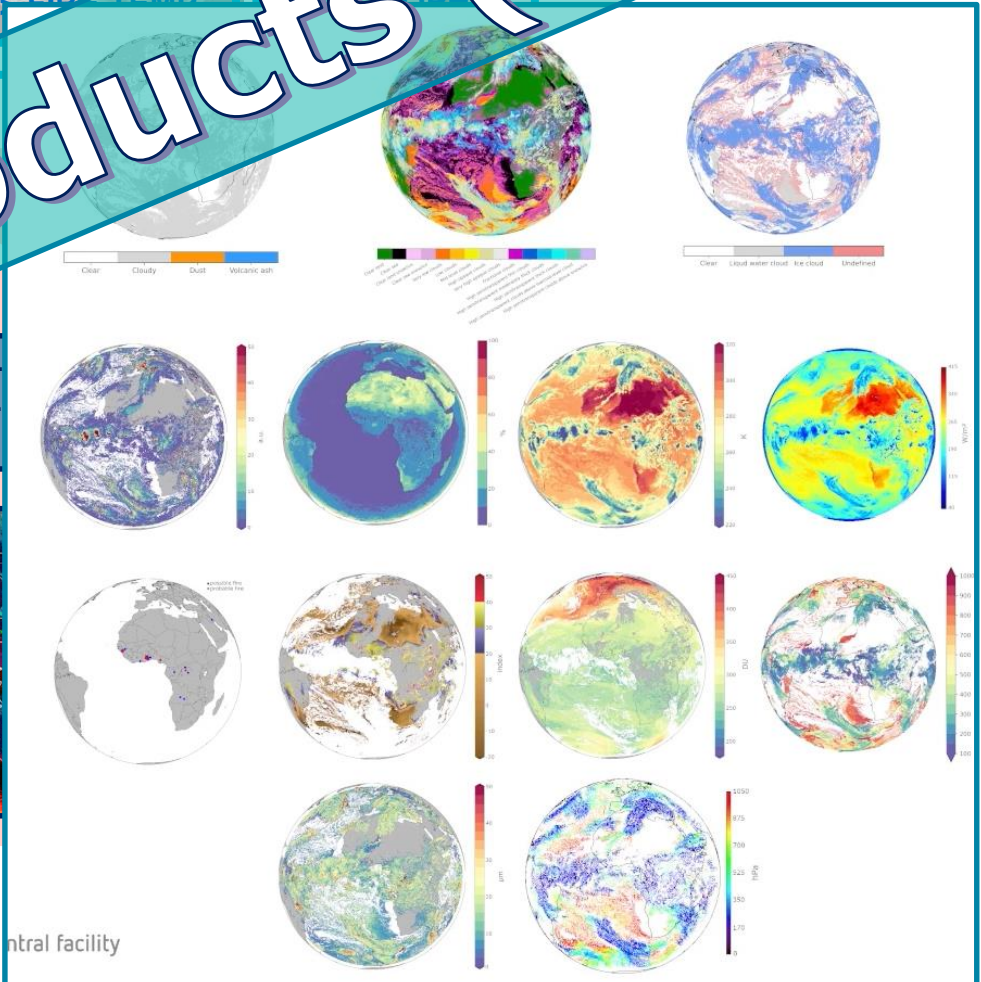


## Cloud Type

R NIR1.3  
G VIS0.6  
B VIS1.6



+ all the L2+ products (+)

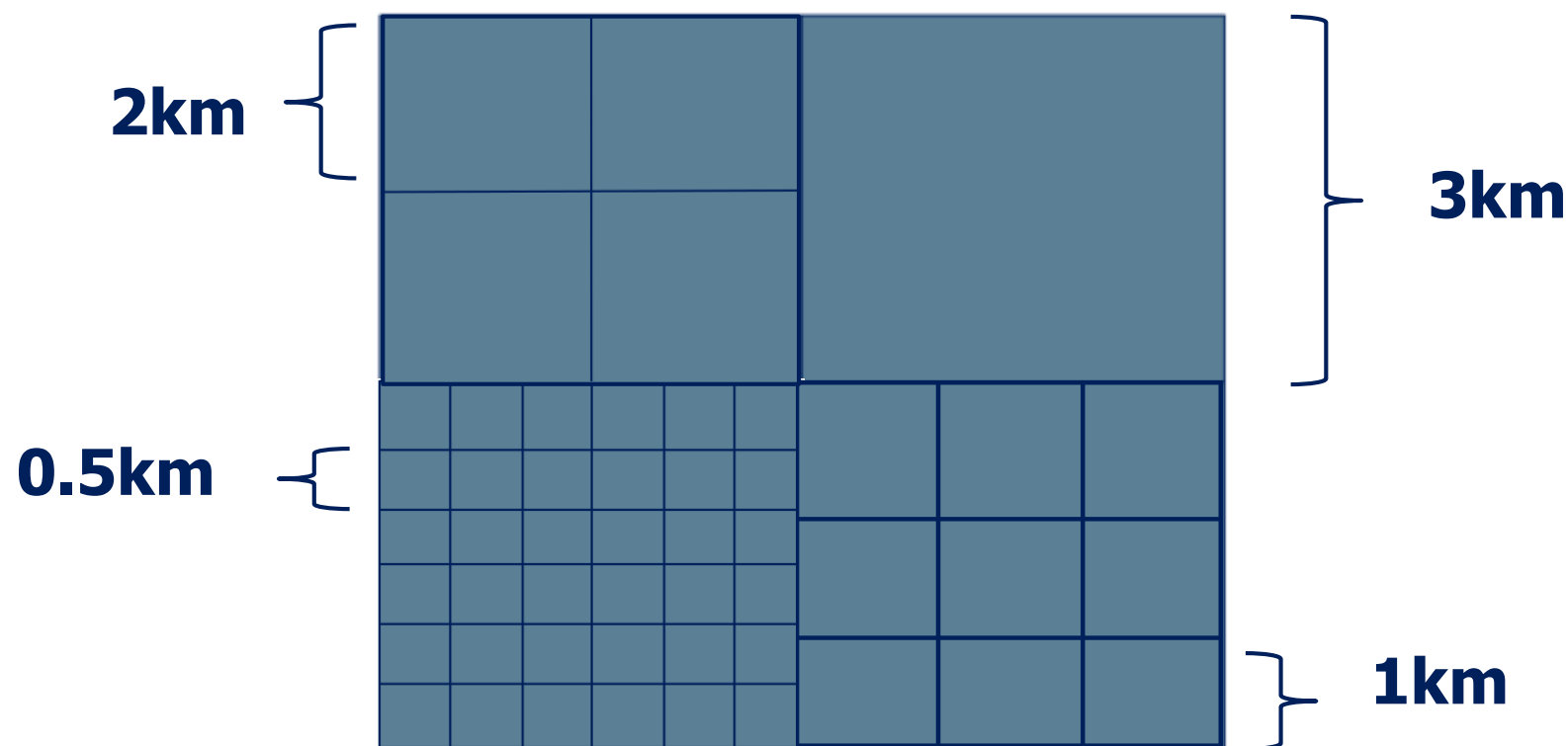




- **What's new? – High Resolution Mode:**

0.6  $\mu\text{m}$  and 2.3  $\mu\text{m}$  in 1.0 km resolution ( and 0.5 km in Hi-Re mode)

3.8  $\mu\text{m}$  and 10.5  $\mu\text{m}$  in 2.0 km resolution ( and 1 km in Hi-Re mode)





**End of Part 1**

شكراً جزيلاً