

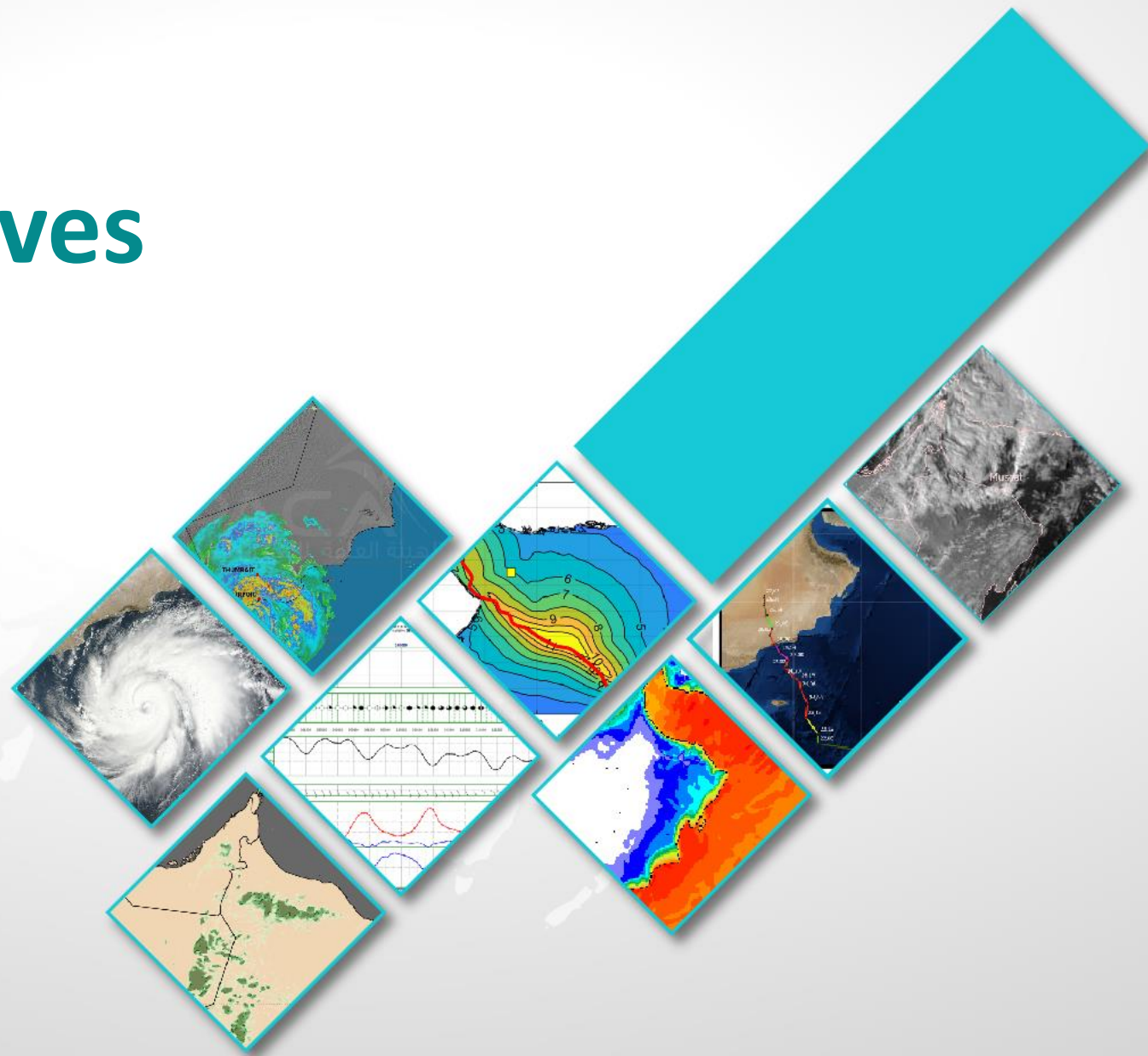


Ocean surface waves

Marine Models

Content creator: [Jamal Alhinai](#)

Lecturer: [Jamal Alhinai](#)



Content

- Basic of waves and currents
- Wave Modelling
- How to get knowledge of sea state.
- Predict wave state for the next three days
- Example of wave Impacts.

Basic of waves and Current:



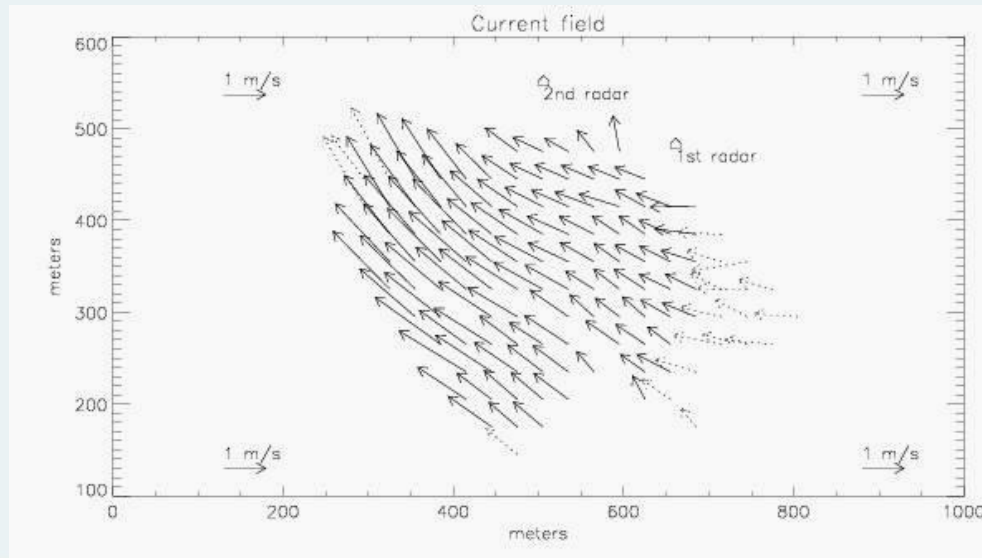
What is a wave? What is current ?

- A wave is a periodic process.
- Current is a non-periodic process.



Basic of waves and Current

- Current is the transport of water particles along stream lines.
 - The individual particle never again reaches its original position.
 - For current no law of dispersion may be defined.



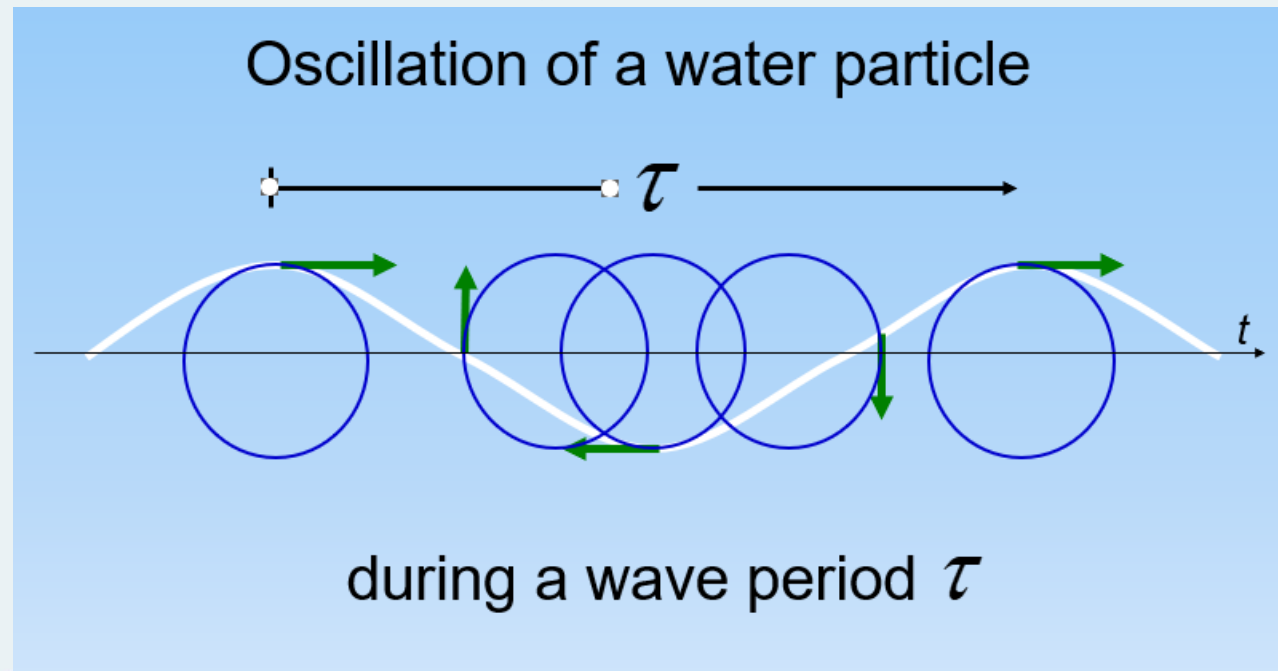
Current transports water particles
The current speed depends from the water depth:

$$c = \sqrt{gh}$$

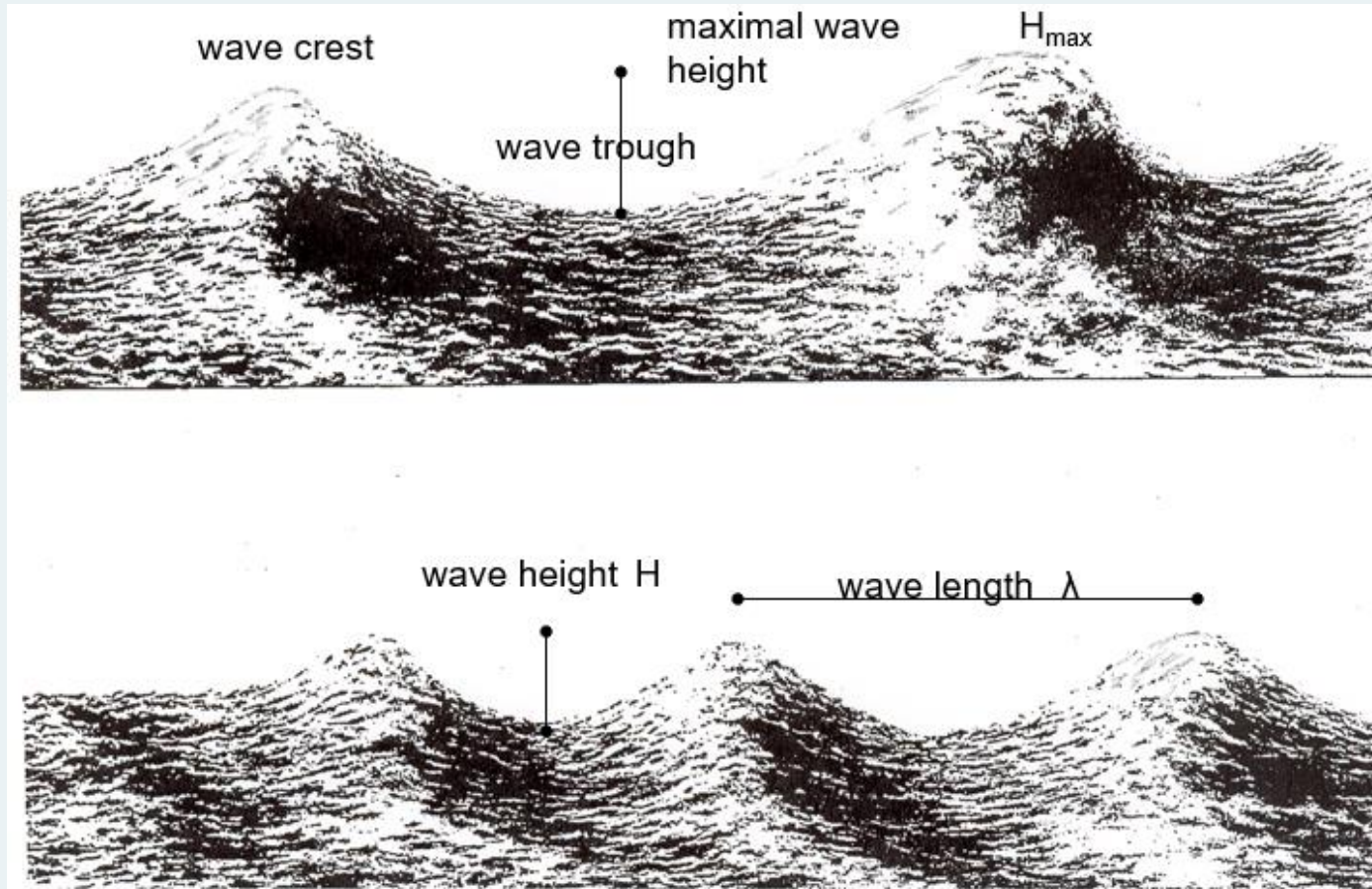


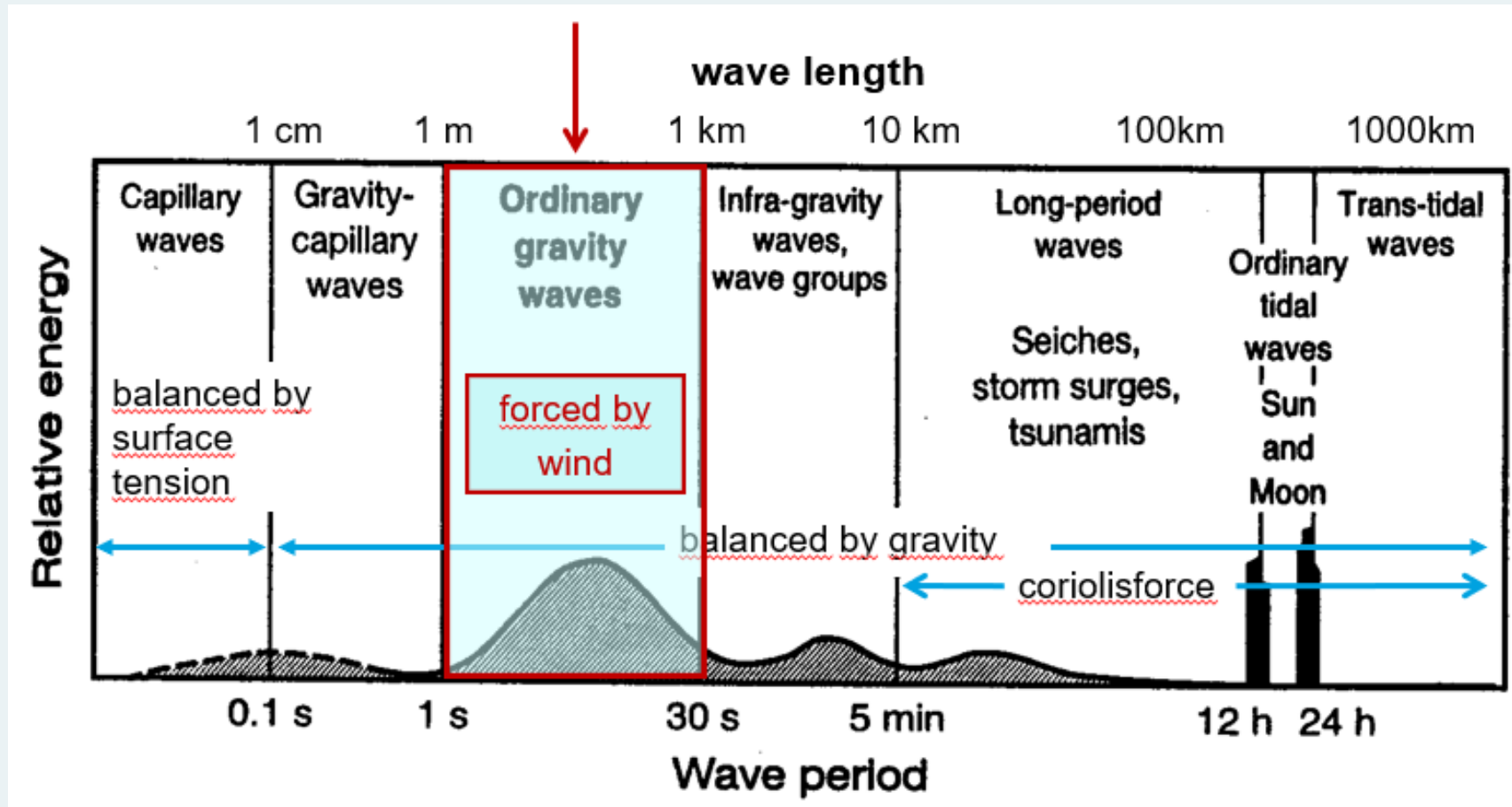
Basic of waves and Current

- A wave is an oscillation of water particles around a position of equilibrium.
 - The individual particle remains roughly at its original position.
 - The wave propagation follows a law of dispersion.

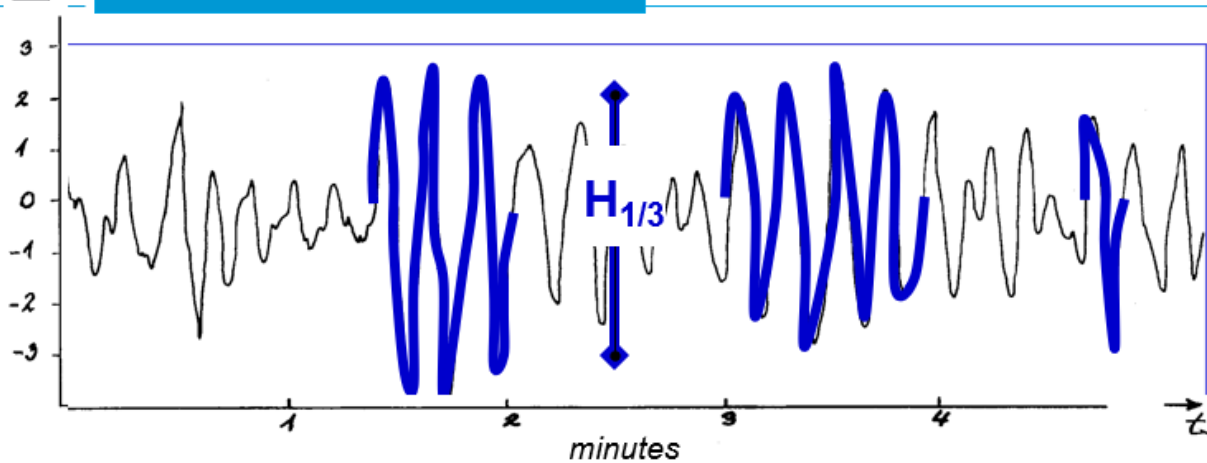


Basic of waves and Current





Definition of $H_{1/3}$



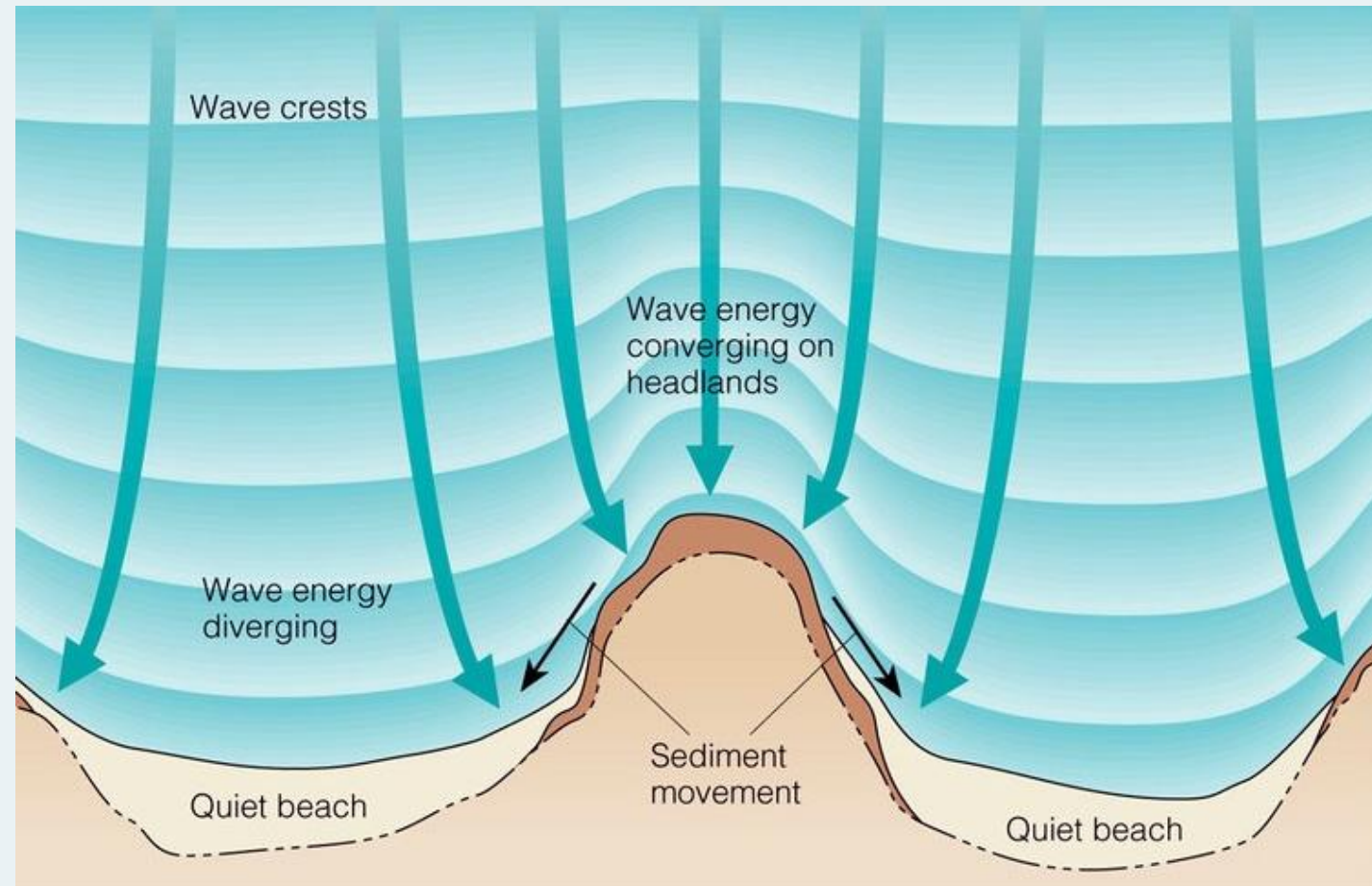
Example:

- You see 24 single wave trains.
- The blue marked waves are the 8 highest waves.
- These 8 waves correspond to 1/3 of the 24 waves observed in total.
- $H_{1/3}$ is defined as the average on that third of the highest waves.



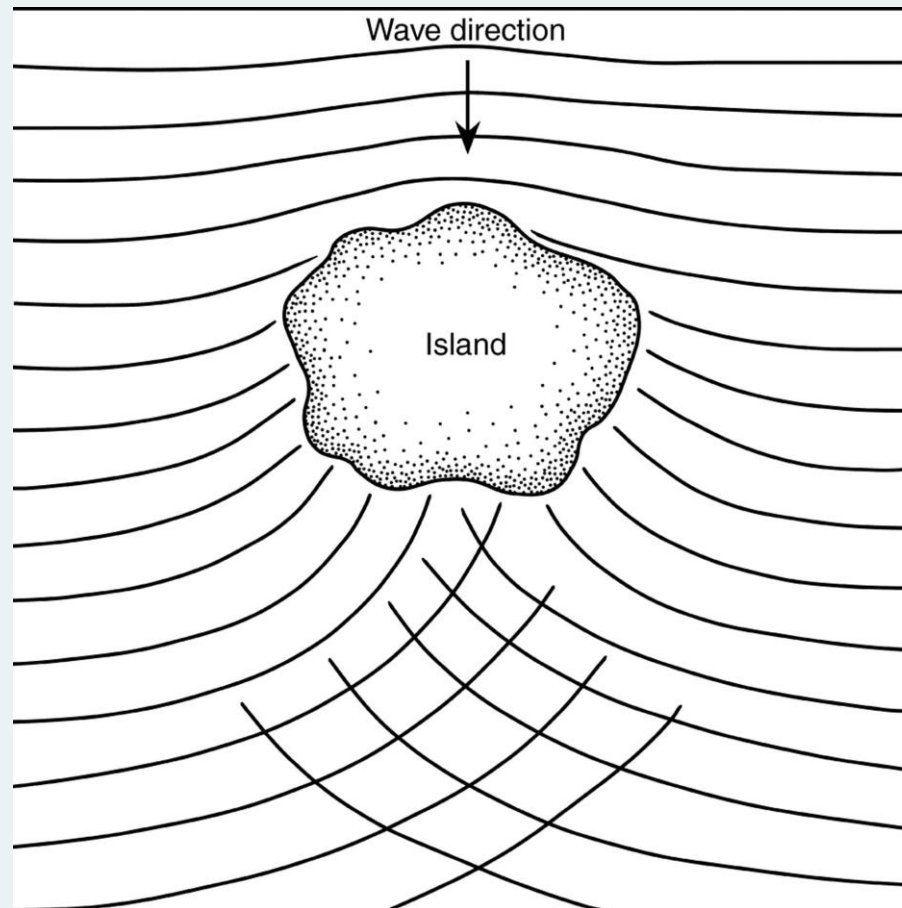
Refraction

The bending of a wave-front as it travels at different speeds over water of different depths



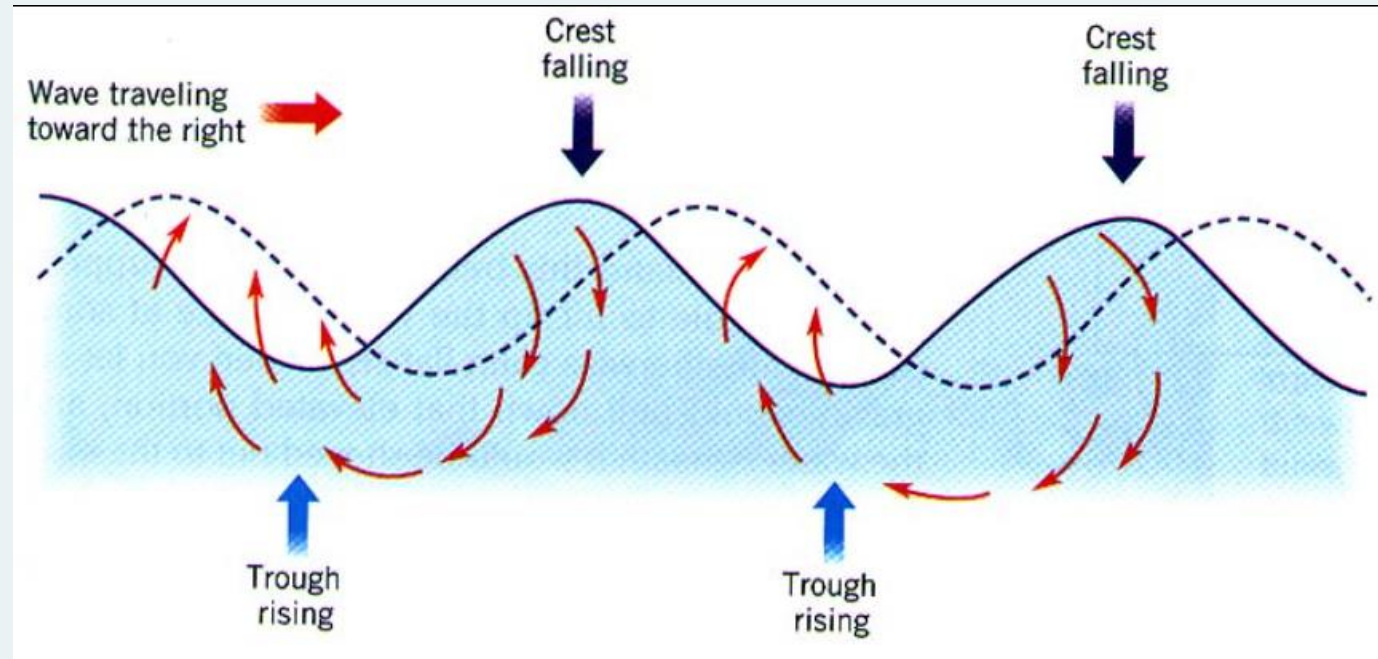
Diffraction

A sudden change in the direction and intensity of waves after passing by a coastal feature or offshore obstruction.

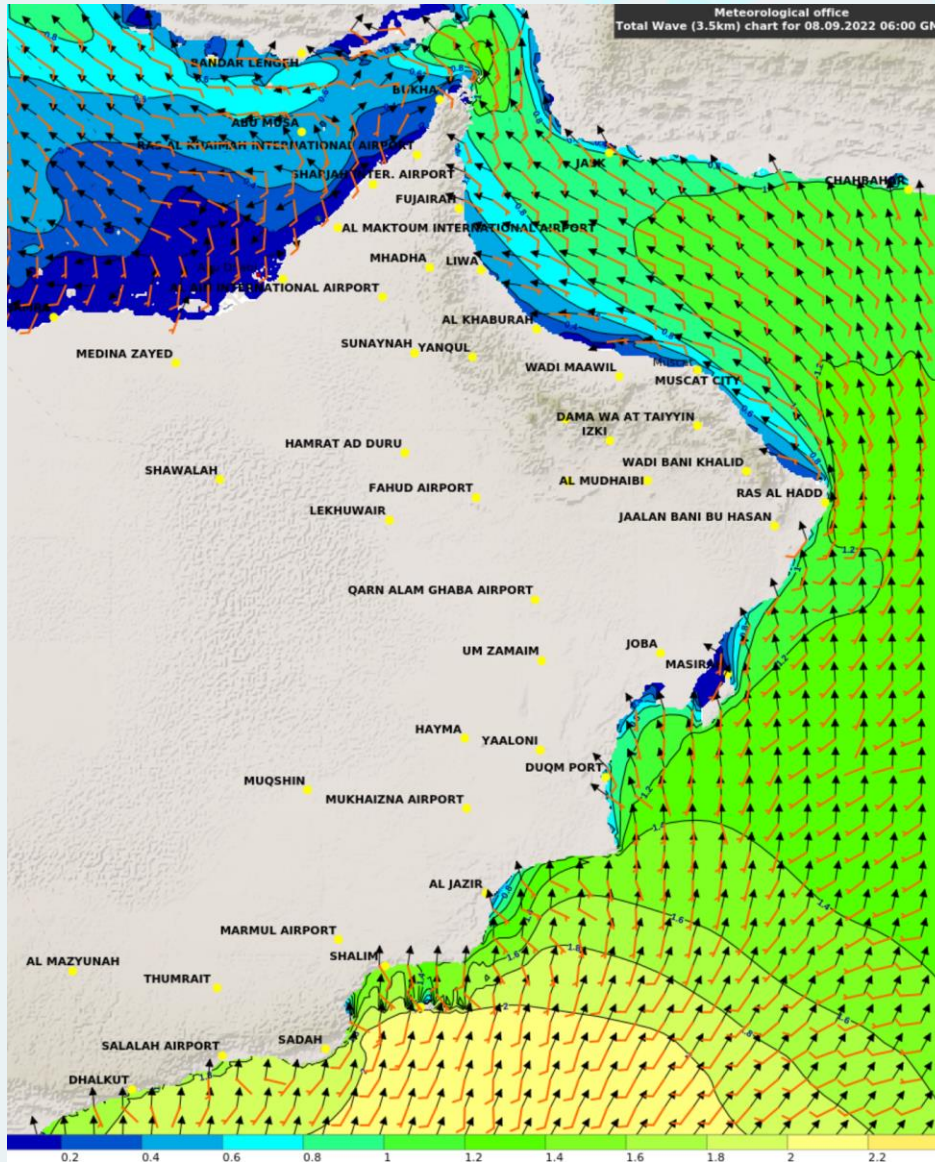


Reflection

The result is when two equal waves are going in opposite directions and in this case, you get the usual up/down motion of the water surface but the waves don't progress.



Wave Modelling:



Wave Modelling: (Types)

Phase resolving or deterministic models

- **Sea surface evolution in space and time**
- **Very high resolution (much less than a wave length or period)**
- **Typical application in small basins, e.g. harbours**

Phase averaged or spectral or statistical models

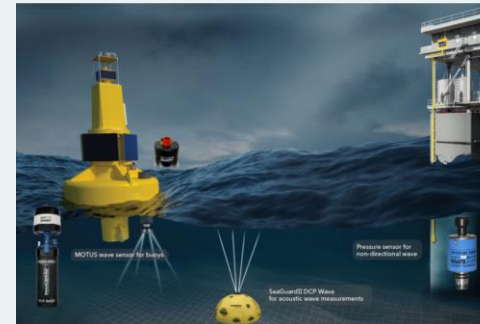
- **Sea surface is an ensemble of elementary waves**
- **Prognostic variable is the wave spectrum**
- **Resolution larger than wave length or period**
- **Typical application scales are: global, shelf seas, lagoons, lakes**



How get knowledge of sea state :

Obs. (marine station - tide gauges - wave radar - ship – Satellite)

Model – WAM, SWAN and WATCHIII



Example of sea wave Impacts:

High waves



Storm Surge

Understanding Storm Surge Flooding
Storm surge flooding is often the greatest threat to life and property and directly accounts for about half of the deaths associated with tropical storms and hurricanes in the U.S. NOAA coastal flooding forecasts are expressed as feet above ground level to best account for variations in land elevation and features, and to focus on potential impacts.

FLOOD INUNDATION
Normally dry ground can be inundated as a result of storm surge.

storm surge

normal high tide

Nice Weather Day

Areas above high tide are normally dry.

normal high tide

weather.gov
hurricanes.gov





Thank you

Kindly scan this "QR code"
to evaluate this Lecture

