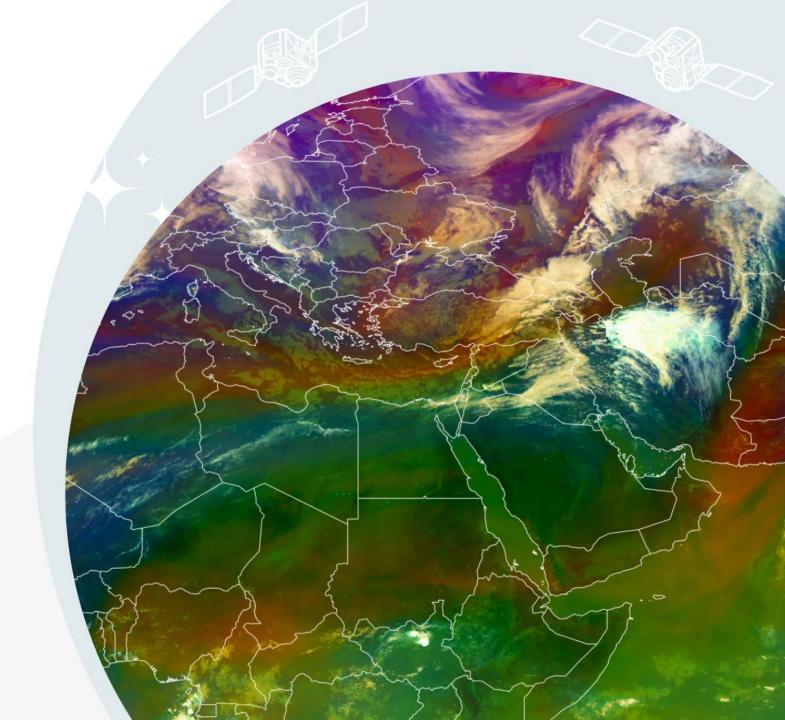


Artificial Intelligence Techniques for Precipitations Estimation

Ibrahim Al Abdulsalam

Directorate General of Meteorology / Oman Center of Excellence for Satellite Applications

i.alabdulsalam@met.gov.om

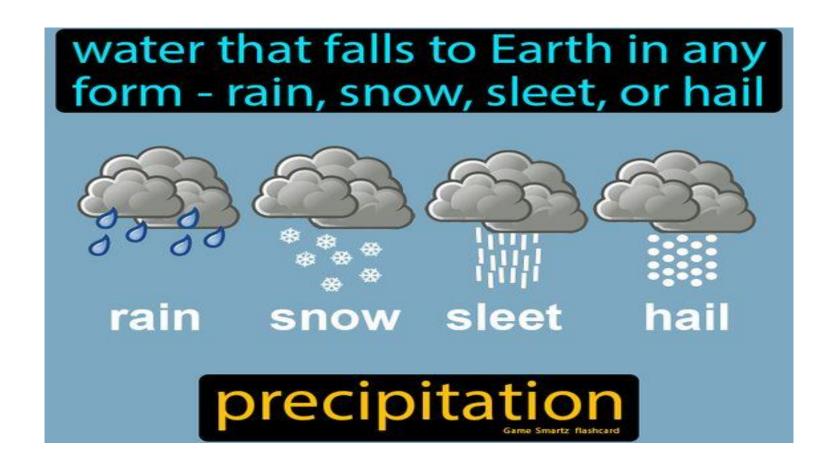


Contents:

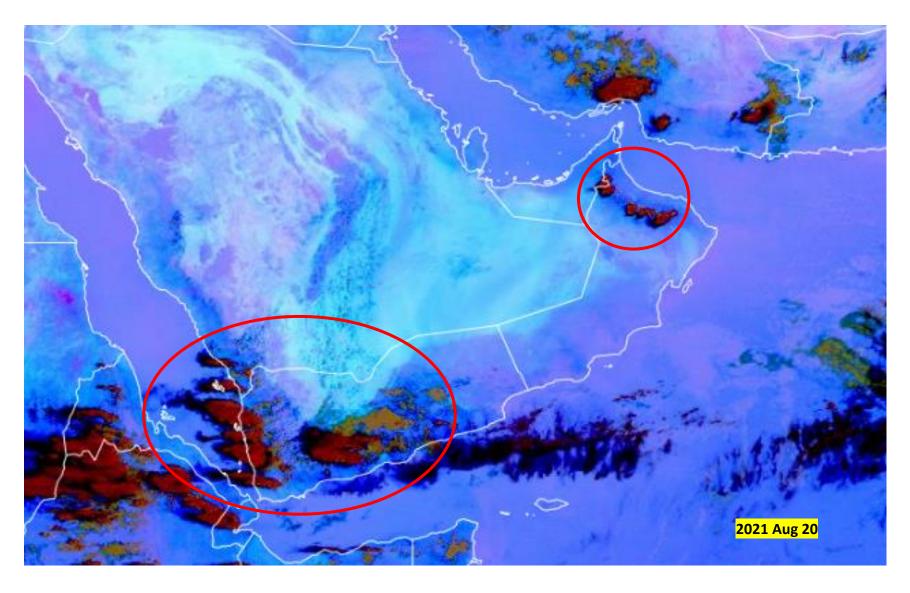
- Type of Precipitation
- Rain Measurements
- Rain measurements limitation and problems
- Artificial inelegance in precipitation estimation
- Practical



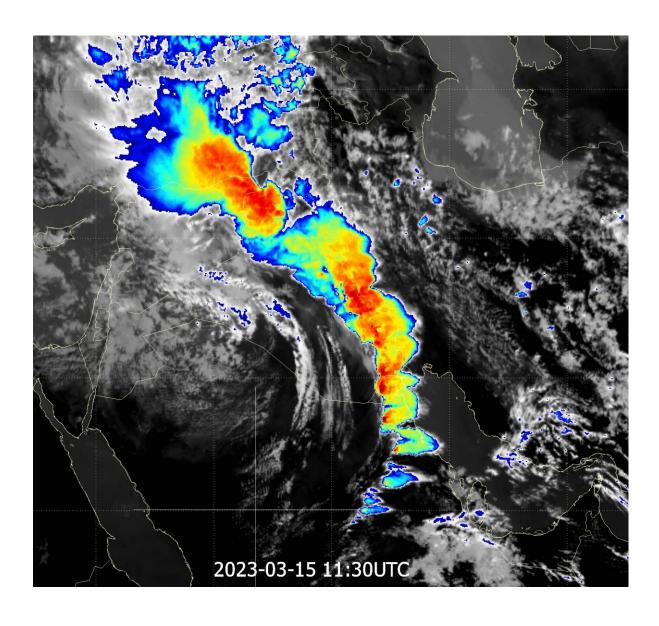
Precipitation: Any form of water that falls from clouds towards the ground.



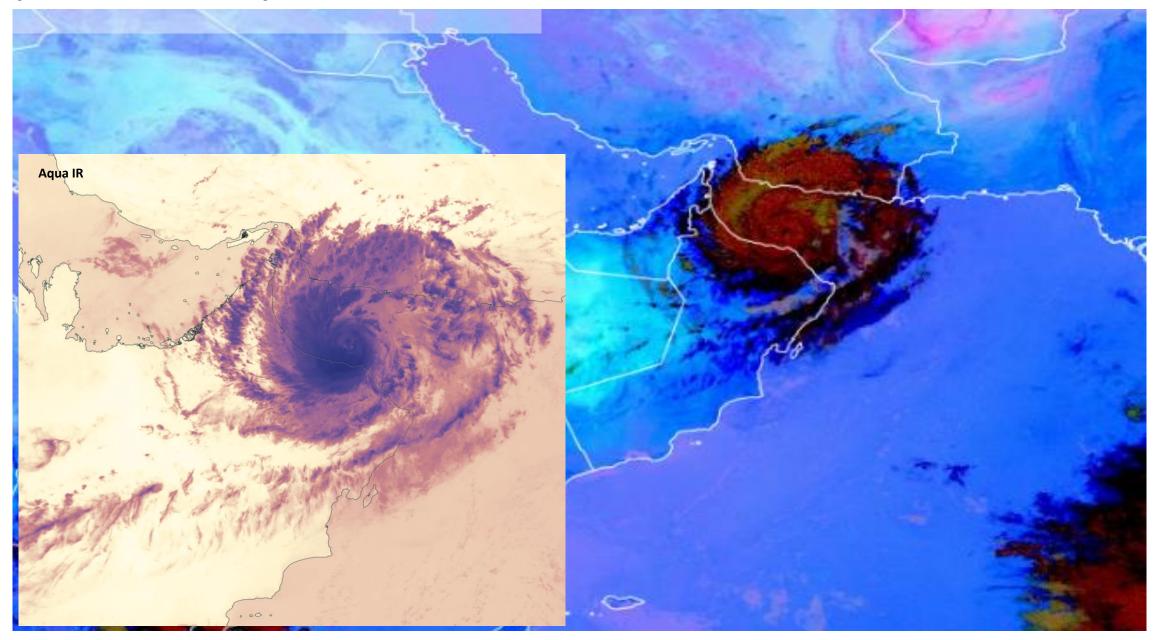
Weather Features and Clouds Causing Precipitations Convective Clouds:



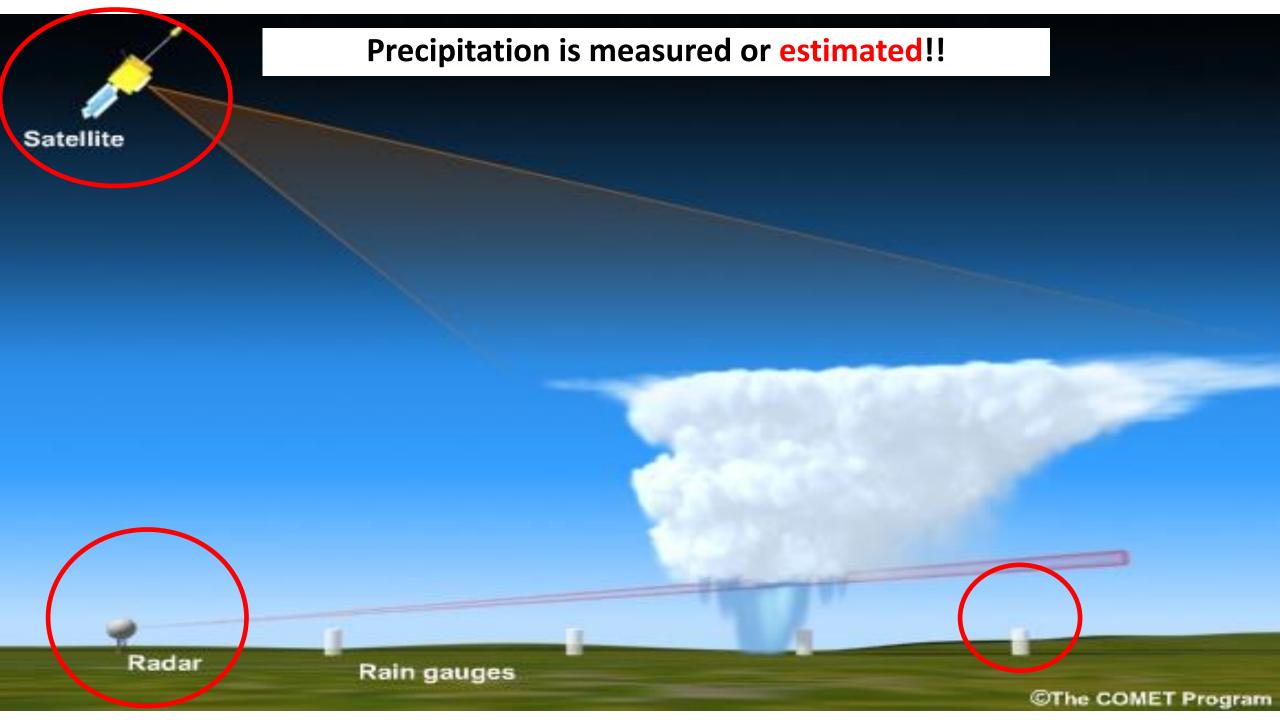
Frontal Systems:



Tropical Storms and Cyclones



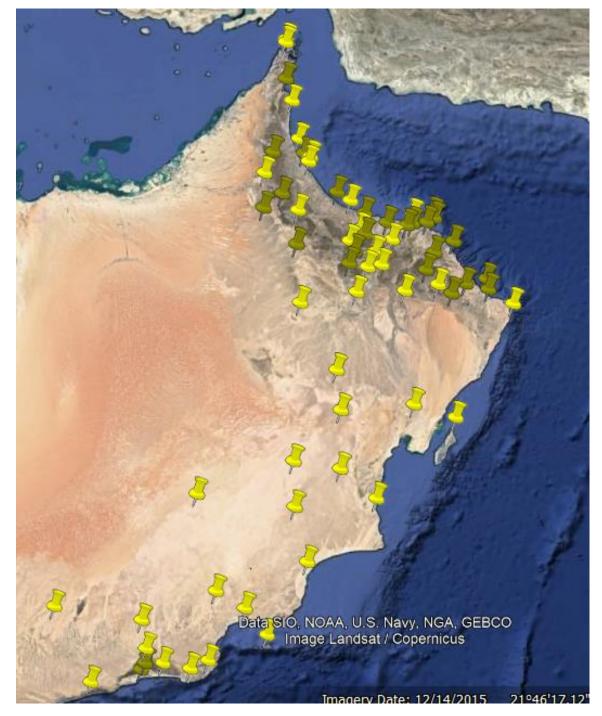
Shaheen 2021 Oct 03



Precipitation Measurement Problems

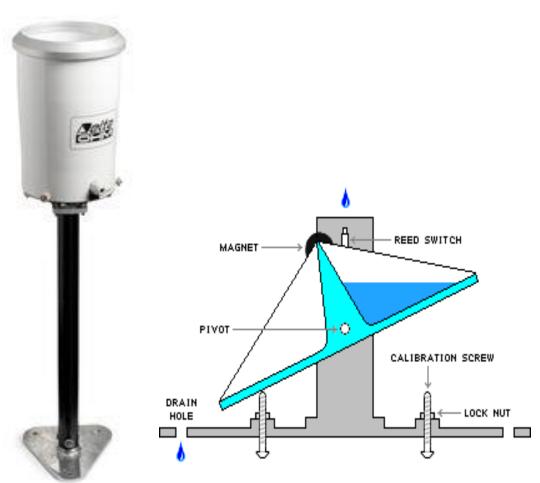
Ground Weather Stations





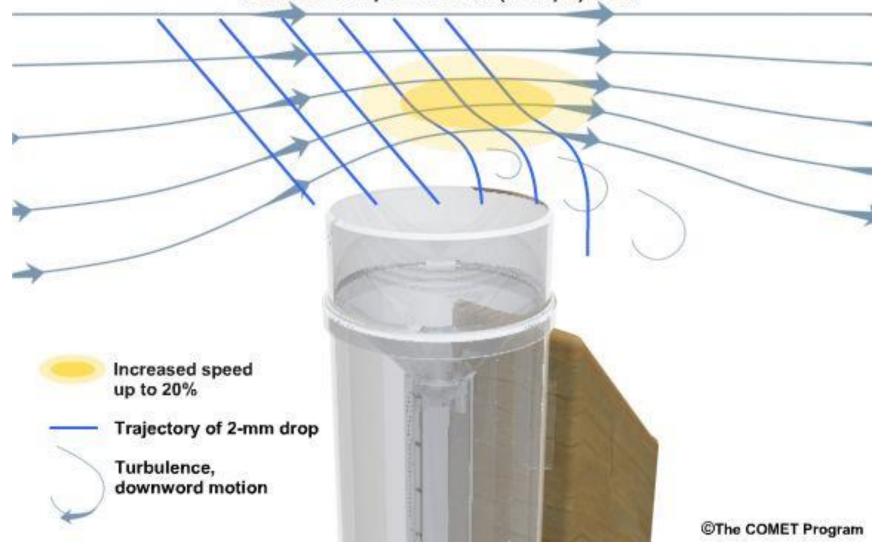
Wind Impact!

Rain Gauges





The Gauge-Induced Impact to Raindrop Paths for 2-mm Drops in 10 m/s (22 mph) Wind



Wind Shade

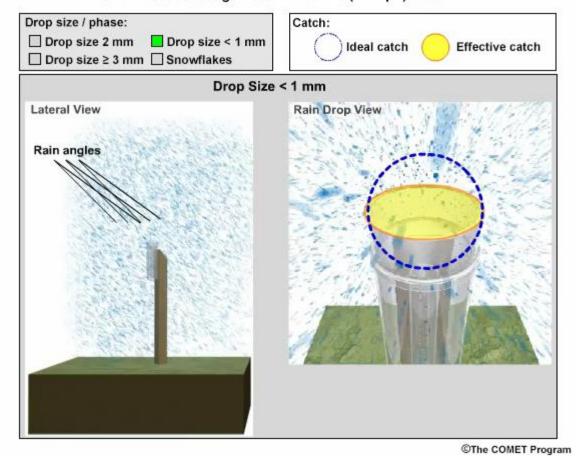




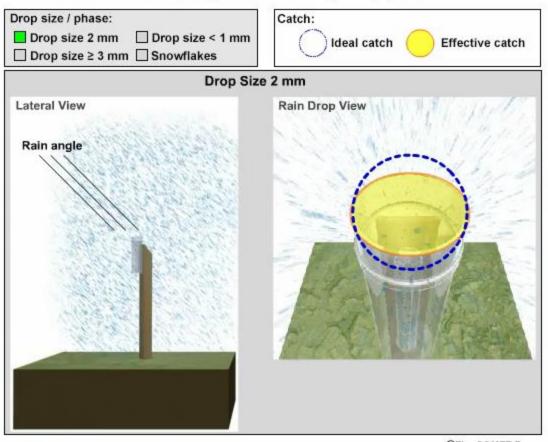


Fall Angle

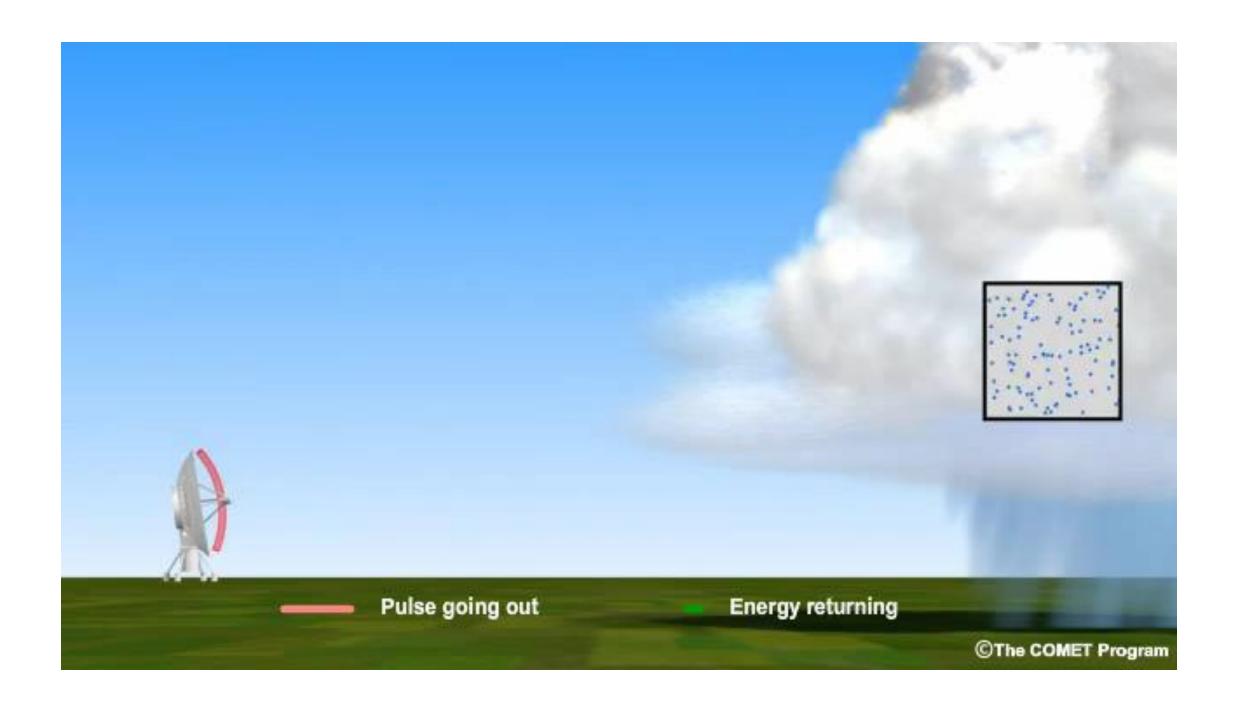
The Relationship Between Fall Angle, Drop Size, Hydrometeor Phase, and Effective Gauge Catch in 10 m/s (22 mph) Wind.

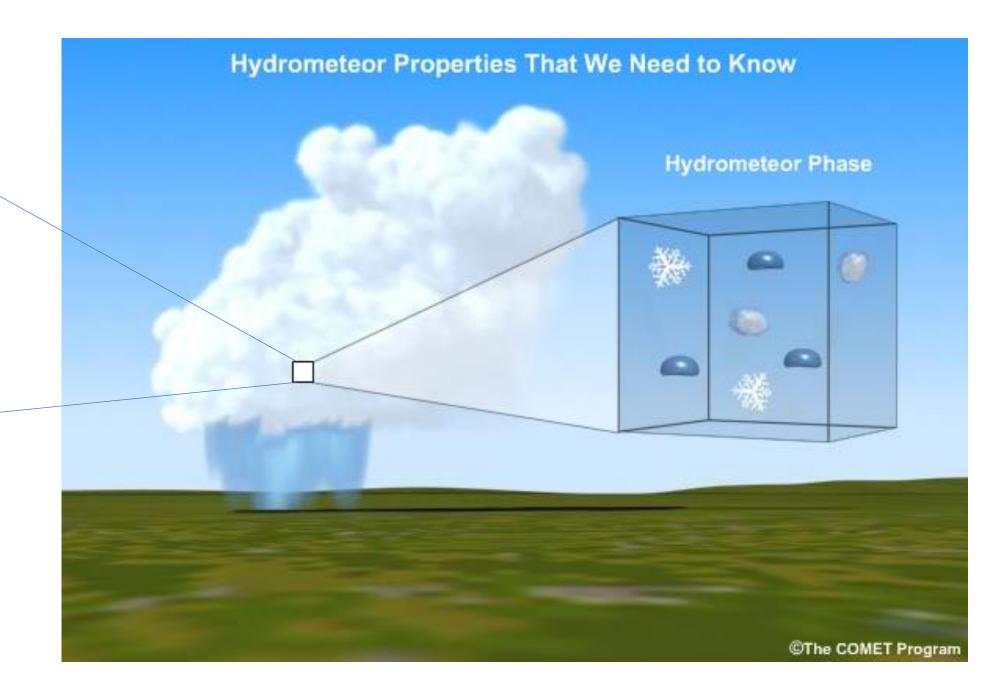


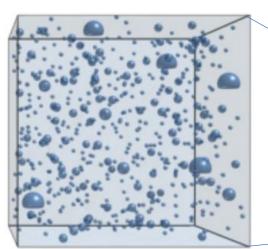
The Relationship Between Fall Angle, Drop Size, Hydrometeor Phase, and Effective Gauge Catch in 10 m/s (22 mph) Wind.



©The COMET Program

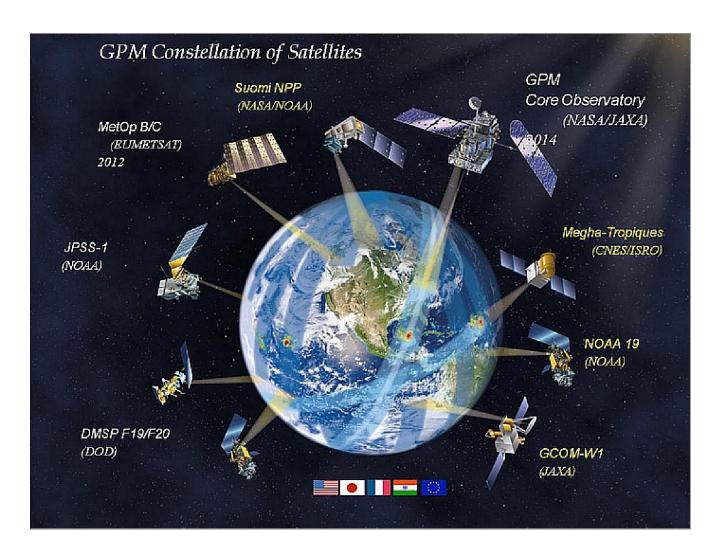


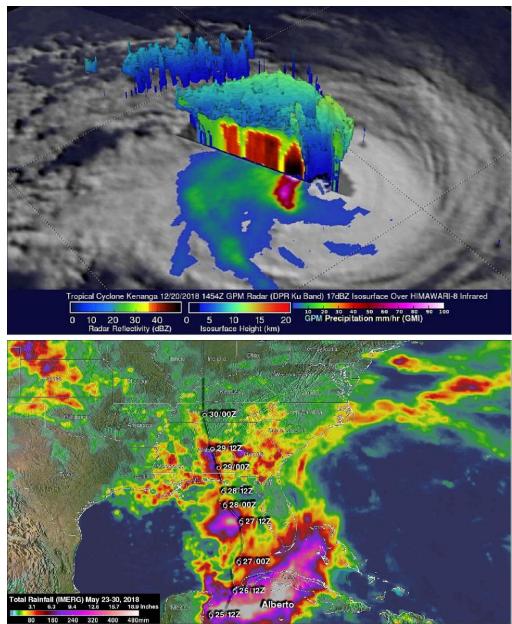






Satellites





Satellites

Radars

Rain Gauges

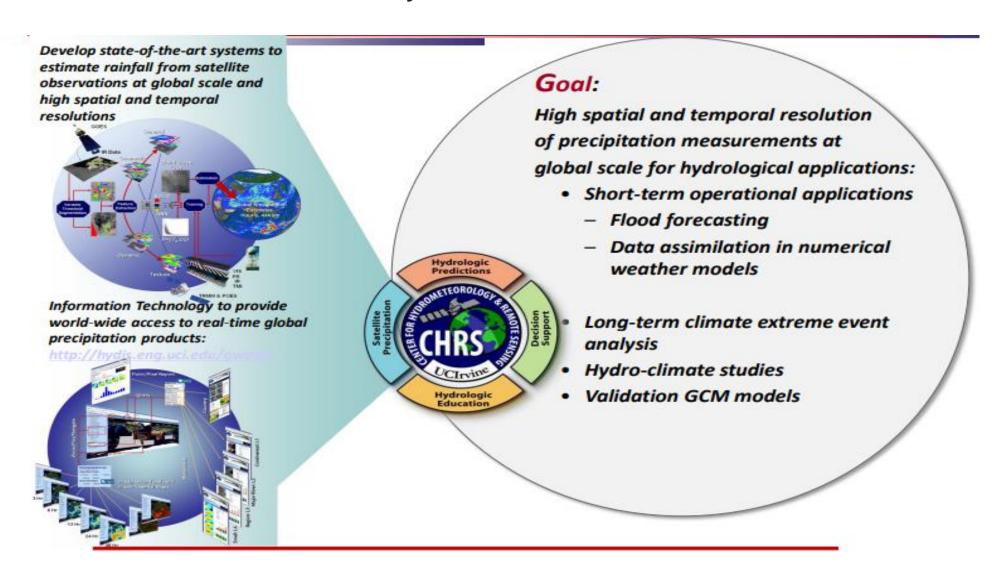
Others



Integrated Products to Estimate Precipitation

CHRS: Center For Hydrometeorology & Remote Sensing

University of California



Artificial neural network

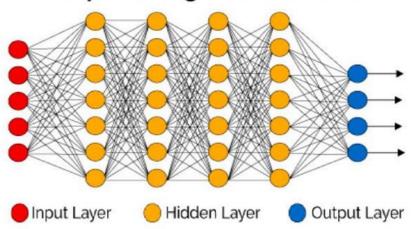


what is Artificial Neural Network



Artificial Neural Networks (ANNs) are a type of machine learning model that is inspired by the structure and function of the human brain. ANNs are composed of interconnected nodes, or "neurons," that process and transmit information.

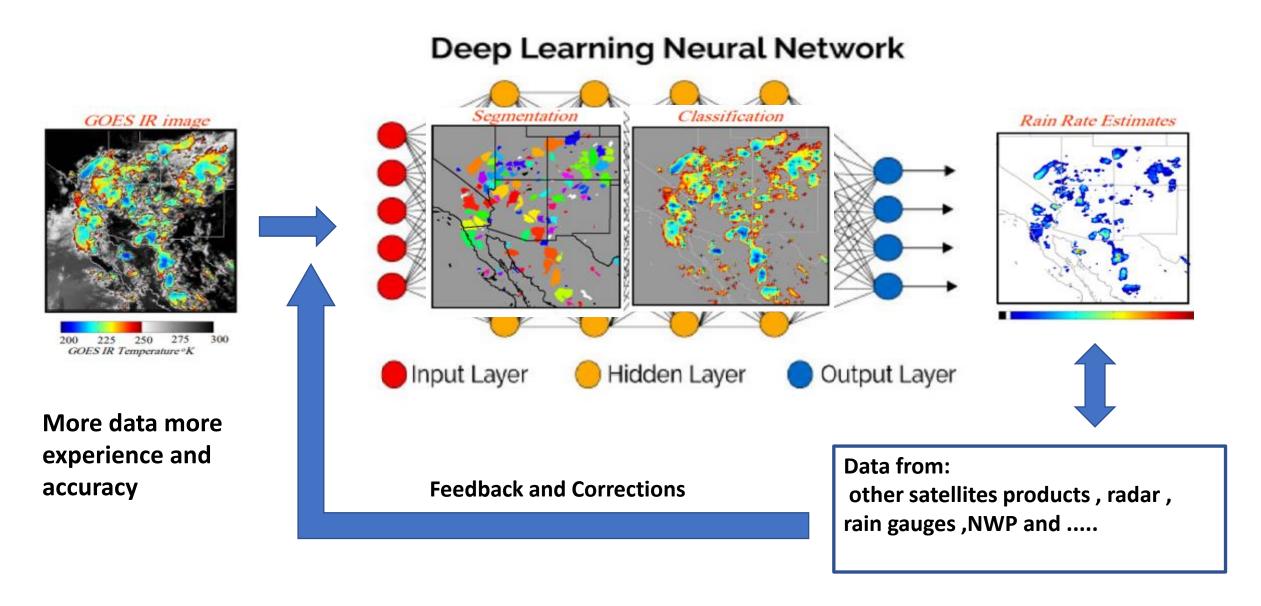
Deep Learning Neural Network



In an ANN, input data is passed through a network of interconnected neurons, each of which applies a mathematical function to the input data and produces an output. These outputs are then used as inputs for other neurons in the network, until a final output is produced.

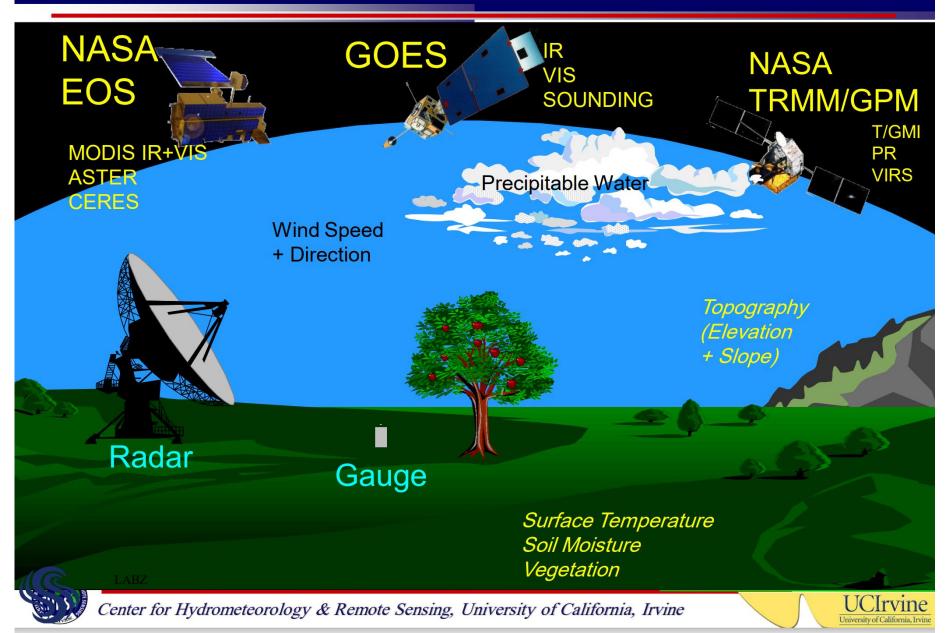
ANNs are often used for tasks such as image and speech recognition, natural language processing, and prediction. They can be trained using a variety of techniques, including supervised learning (where the network is trained using labeled data) and unsupervised learning (where the network learns to identify patterns in unlabeled data).

ANNs can be designed with different numbers of layers and types of neurons, and their architecture can be tailored to the specific task at hand. While ANNs have been successful in many applications, they can be computationally expensive and require a large amount of training data to achieve high levels of accuracy.



Multiple-Source Rainfall Estimation







PERSIANN Precipitation Estimation from Remotely Sensed Information using Artificial Neural Networks

PERSIANN-CCS PERSIANN-Cloud Classification System

PERSIANN-CDR PERSIANN-Climate Data Record

PDIR-Now PERSIANN-Dynamic Infrared Rain Rate near real-time

PERSIANN-CCS-CDR PERSIANN-CCS + PERSIANN-CDR

Data Portal

https://chrsdata.eng.uci.edu/





Accuracy
Type of rain and clouds
Spatial resolution

PDIR-Now PERSIANN-Dynamic Infrared Rain Rate near real-time

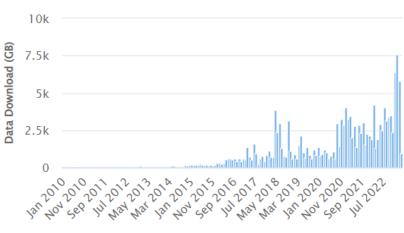


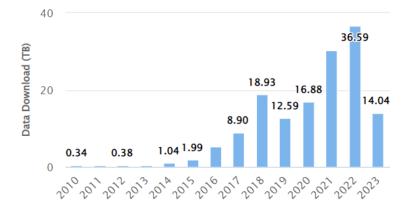


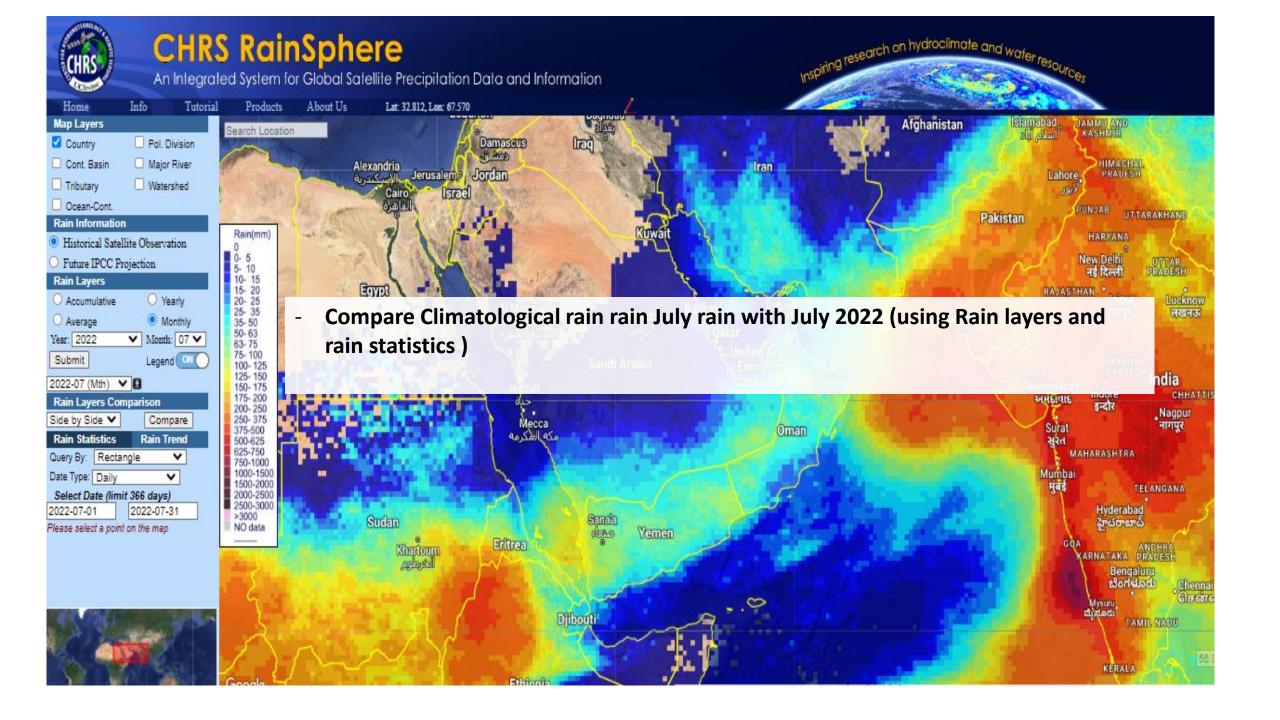
changes and trends in precipitation extreme precipitation events climate change and natural variability

PERSIANN-CDR (Precipitation Estimation from Remotely Sensed Information using Artificial Neural Networks - Climate Data Record)

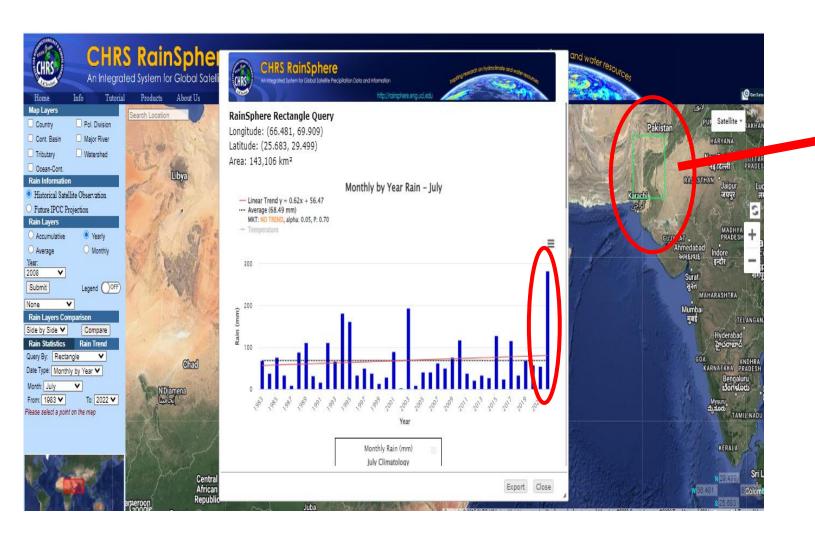


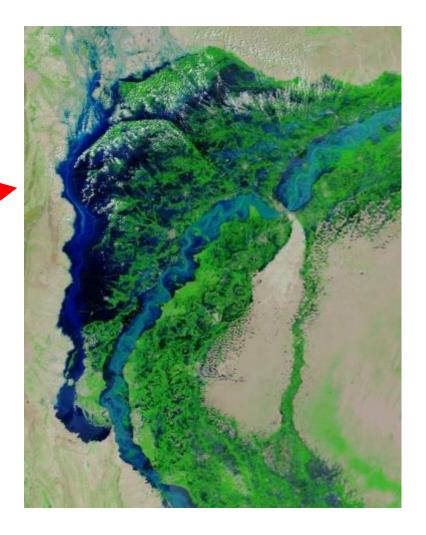




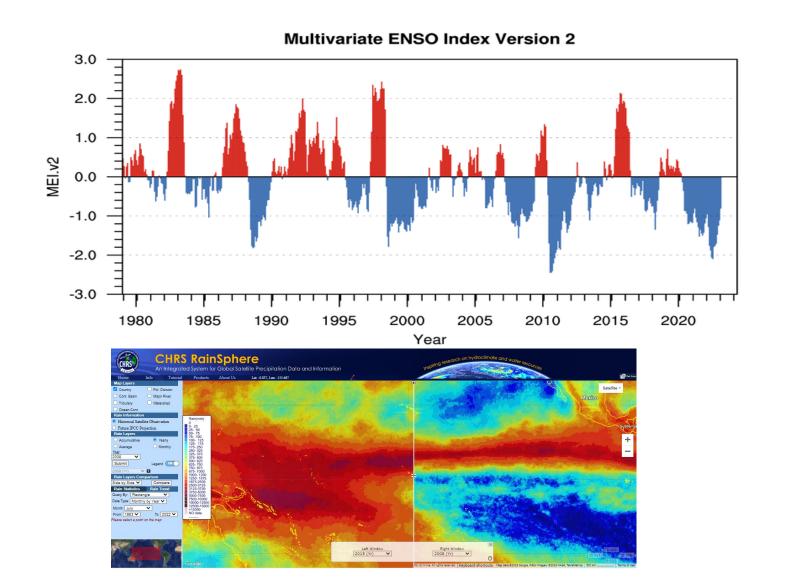


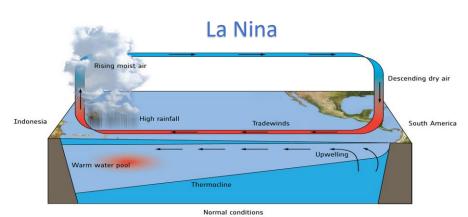
Flood over Pakistan July-Aug 2022

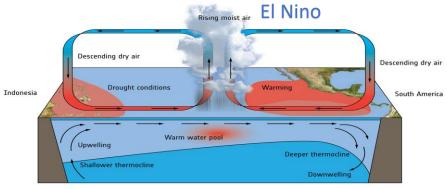




Compare La Nina and El Nino rain and see if there is impact over Middle East / globally!







El Niño conditions

For more information, please ask ChatGPT

Thank You